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OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN THE STATE.

THE MORNING STAR.

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The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

Gen. Botha has rejected the peace terms offered him by the British. —— President McKinley has returned to Washington. —— Russia denies that she has modified her demands respecting Manchuria. —— The Chinese minister Wu Ting Fang delivered the convocation address at the University of Caicago. —— A thousand Georgia negroes petition the Governor of that State for transportation to Liberia. —— The Anglo-Russian dispute at Tien Tsin is still undecided. —— A squeeze in May pork at Chicago. —— Eight soldiers and custom officers killed in an avalanche near Lake Como —— Seven British gunners killed by an explosion of a howitzer shell. —— It is feared in Washington that negotiations at Pekin may fail because the ministers cannot agree upon any basis of indemnity. —— The Anglo-Russian dispute at Tien Tsin is still unsettled; armed forces still confront each other. —— Convicts to the number of 284 from the Kansas penitentiary down in the State mine have mutinied and are holding fifteen guards as hostages. —— Freight train wrecked on the Georgia Central and engineer and firemen killed. —— George Roberts shot and killed Dock Parham near Elberton, Ga —— Serious riots yesterday in St. Petersburg; five students killed and eighty others wounded. —— Wholesale desertions from U. S. warships at the Norfolk navy yard are reported. —— A general strike of cloakmakers in New York numbering 10,000, is pending. —— N. Y. markets: Money on call steadier at 2½@2½ per cent.; cotton quiet, middling uplands 8 9 16c.; flour was barely steady and dull. Wheat—spot easy, No. 2 red 81¼c f. o. b. afloat; corn—spot steady, No. 2 49c; oats—spot steady, No. 2 23; rosin quiet; spirits turpentine easy at 37@37½c.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., March 19.

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 55 degrees; 8 P. M., 59 degrees; maximum, 71 degrees; minimum, 50 degrees; mean, 60 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, 0.; rainfall since first of the month to date, 1.47 inches.

FORECAST FOR TO DAY.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—For North Carolina.—Occasional rains Wednesday; continued warm; brisk and high southeasterly winds. Thursday rain and colder.

Port Almanac—March 20.

Sun Rises	6 04 A. M.
Sun Sets	6 12 P. M.
Day's Length	12 H. 08 M.
High Water at Southport	7 26 P. M.
High Water Wilmington	9 56 P. M.

As Teddy Roosevelt has Presidential aspirations, the presumption is that he will not cavort much while presiding over the Senate lest unique antics might spoil his chances.

The military spirit is on top in one of the Nebraska districts. Notwithstanding reports of hazing, there are 400 applicants for West Point. But there is no rush to enlist in the U. S. Army as privates.

The electric cab company which put about a hundred vehicles on the streets of Chicago for the use of the public had to take them off because the streets were too rough. That was rough on the company, which lost money by the venture.

It is said that when Mr. McKinley takes his jaunt to the Pacific coast in May he will take his Cabinet with him, and run his part of the government on wheels. A car will be fitted up especially as a Cabinet car. Boss Hanna will presumably have charge of the train.

A peck of Kansas beans exhibited at the Paris Exposition so captivated the Frenchman who bought and ate them that he wrote to the bean man asking if he couldn't send him a small package of the seed, as he would like to see how they would grow in France.

In the 57th Congress the Republicans will have 198 members in the House of Representatives to 151 Democrats and 8 free lances. In the Senate they will have 53 to 29 Democrats, 4 Populists, 1 Independent Republican, 1 Silver Republican and 2 Independents.

There are said to be 7,000 applications on file in Washington for the 650 lieutenancies in the new army. But there don't seem to be any eager hustling to go into the ranks. Those applicants might be offered jobs in the ranks with a chance for promotion when vacancies occur.

The State of Texas has the largest Capitol building in this country and the seventh largest of the kind in the world. It is built of Texas granite, has a dome 311 feet high, is valued at $3,500,000, but didn't cost Texas a red. She gave a Chicago company 3,000,000 acres of land to build it. Some of the Texans think the job was dirt cheap.

LOCAL DOTS.

— Mr. G. W. Britt has been appointed assistant baggage agent at the A. C. L. station.

— Cape Fear Lodge of Odd Fellows conferred the second degree on thirteen candidates last night.

— In Mayor's court yesterday there were tried eight trivial cases of drunkenness and disorderly conduct.

— State Secretary A. G. Knebel, of the Y. M. C. A., arrived last night from Durham. He is here for the convention.

— Fred Johnson, colored, was arrested yesterday by Deputy Millis on a warrant charging him with resisting an officer.

— Rev. J. A. B. Frye, of Concord, N. C., has arrived in the city and is assisting with the protracted meeting at Market street M. E. church.

— Messrs. James Sprunt and William Gilchrist, executors of the estate of the late James Walker have a notice in the advertising columns of the STAR to-day.

— A delightful entertainment was given last night at Fifth ward hook and ladder house by the ladies of Fifth street M. E. congregation for the benefit of the church fund.

— Ed. S. Battle, Esq., trustee, advertises that bids will be received until March 23rd, 1901, for the entire stock of jewelry, etc., of the late firm of Dingelhoef Bros., bankrupts, of this city.

— All veterans who have not received crosses of honor are requested to apply at once to Capt. James I. Metts for blank applications in order that they may have them before Memorial Day.

— A recent Army and Navy order says "Lieutenant E. A. Anderson is detached from the American Ordnance Company's works, Bridgeport and ordered to the *Solace*, then to duty on Asiatic station."

— Attached to the northbound A. C. L. train last night were the private cars of Mr. H. Walters and Col. Warren G. Elliott, the first named bound for Baltimore and the last named for Richmond.

— Auditing bills for current expenses was the chief matter of business before last night's regular semi-monthly meeting of the city Board of Audit and Finance upon which there were in attendance Messrs. McQueen, Risch, Wilder and McNair.

— An interesting game of basket ball between the "Wetzel Juniors" and "Turner Juniors," teams named in honor of the physical director and secretary of the Y. M. C. A., respectively, resulted yesterday afternoon in a victory for the "Wetzel Juniors" by a score of 12 to 10.

POLVOGT'S MILLINERY OPENING.

Many Ladies Charmed With Superb Exhibition of Fashion's Latest.

The first annual opening of Spring and Summer millinery at the store of the C. W. Polvogt Company took place yesterday and will continue from 9 o'clock this morning to 6 o'clock this evening.

This department of the Polvogt Company's mammoth establishment is in charge of Miss Minnie F. Cressler, an accomplished milliner of New York, and was thronged yesterday and last evening from 8 to 9 o'clock with many Wilmington ladies who are profuse in their praise of the splendid exhibition of the new styles and fancies this season.

Miss Cressler is able assisted in the millinery department by Misses Lena Styron, Macy Cox and Leila McIver.

Whiskey Distillery Bankrupt.

W. S. Jackson, whiskey distiller, Dunn, N. C., yesterday through his attorneys, McLean & Clifford, of Dunn, filed a petition in voluntary bankruptcy in the United States Court here. The liabilities are $1,082.80; assets $555 The creditors are: Harvey, Blair & Co, Richmond, $113.39; F. W. Thornton, Fayetteville, $781 40; Gallego Mills, Richmond, $96.19; Jas. D Patton, Richmond, $91 82.

Daughters of the Confederacy.

The Daughters of the Confederacy met in monthly session yesterday afternoon at the W. L. I. armory. Only business of a routine matter was transacted. Mrs. W. W. Paraley presided at the meeting and Mrs. Sarah S. James, the secretary, was also present.

Divine Plan of the Ages.

Pilgrim Frank Draper, of the Watchtower Bible and Tract Society, of Allegheny, Pa., will deliver a lecture at the Fifth Ward hook and ladder house to night on the "Divine Plan of the Ages." No admission will be charged. All are invited.

City Subscribers.

City subscribers are earnestly requested to report promptly at the STAR office every failure of the carriers to deliver their papers. In all such cases steps will be taken to insure prompt and regular delivery.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Executors—Notice.
The Mayor—Notice.
Seacoast Road—Notice.
Ed. S. Battle—Bankrupt stock.
S. H. MacRae—Bankrupt notice.
S. H. MacRae—Bankrupt notice.
S. H. MacRae—Bankrupt notice.
S. J. Davis—Good stock poultry.
Opera House—A Waif of New York.

THE SECOND PRIMARY

Contest Royal Between Mayoralty Candidates is Promised for the Morrow.

A FIFTH WARD PROTEST.

Decided Last Night Adversely to Contestant—Saloons Will Close This Evening at 7 O'clock—Appointive Officers on the Qui Vive.

If anything, interest centered about the municipal campaign is even more pronounced and intense just now than before the contest at the first primary on day before yesterday. Everybody confidently predicts that there will be a much more lively contest, though only a few officers to elect, than at the original primary on Monday.

There was no let up in the exercise of political finesse yesterday, and today promises even more interesting developments. The question yesterday was regarding the per centage of ex Mayor Jno. J. Fowler's vote in the first primary that the two remaining candidates in the field would be able to marshal at the polls to morrow. It is but fair to say that friends of each party to the mayoralty campaign were equally extravagant in claiming the strength of the body of voters in which is vested the balance of power and that the primary alone will decide it.

The rules and regulations for the primary to-morrow are the same as on Monday and all the inspectors are required to be in attendance. The polls will open at 7 A. M. and close at 7 P. M., and returns will be made to the Executive Committee as before.

There were many caucuses yesterday between friends of the several candidates for subordinate offices to be chosen by the Board of Aldermen on the first Monday in April. Trading and trafficing is already being heard on the street and to those "behind the scenes" there appears to be as much interest shrouding the first meeting of the "new board" as there was in the case of the primary. The average Aldermanic nominee was besieged yesterday with applicants for position and the undesirable features of the life of an Alderman began to assert themselves in fitting style.

Protest From the Fifth.

The Executive Committee last night had to deal with a protest from the Fifth ward in regard to the aldermanic nomination there. The protest was made by Mr. W. J. Reaves, who received in the ward 316 votes. He declared that Mr. W. E. Mann, the nominee declared elected by the Executive Committee, having received 320 votes, was not entitled to his seat, from the fact that half a dozen or more of the votes received by him were challenged, and that the challenges were duly sustained. He asked that a second primary be held to determine a choice between the two. His protest was read at the meeting, but Mr. Reaves was not present to represent his case and after waiting an hour, upon motion of Mr. J. G. L. Gieschen, the protest was dismissed. Mr. Mann was present with his attorney, Herbert McClammy, Esq., but the case was not gone into and the action above was unanimously taken, every member of the committee being present.

Saloons Close This Evening.

As will be seen in an official announcement in another column of the STAR, Mayor Waddell orders that all bar-rooms in the city must close at 7 o'clock this evening and remain closed until Friday morning at 7 o'clock, in accordance with the law governing such cases, which provides that all such places must be closed twelve hours prior to and after the holding of the primary. This law also applies to the election to-morrow week.

WITH THE NAVAL RESERVES.

Elected Lieutenant Chase Commander of Division and J. J. Blair to Vacancy Caused by Promotion.

Pursuant to orders received yesterday from Capt. H. H. McIlhenny, commanding the North Naval Brigade, the Wilmington Division of Reserves, after regular drill last night, held a meeting at which Lieut. H. M. Chase, Junior Grade, was chosen to succeed Lieut. A. B. Skelding, Senior Grade, commanding the division, and Mr. John Jay Blair, was chosen Lieutenant, Junior Grade to succeed Mr. Chase promoted. Both elections were unanimous and upon announcement of the result by Secretary Charles E. McMillan there were enthusiastic cheers for the new officers.

The election of an Ensign was declared in order but upon motion it was deferred to a subsequent meeting.

At the meeting Mr. S. K. DeVaney presided and Mr. McMillan was present in his official capacity. The Division had a very interesting competitive drill before the meeting conducted by Mr. Chase who is a gentlemen well versed in military affairs and eminently popular with members of the Division.

Petty officers will be announced next Tuesday night when it is hoped there will be a full attendance of members.

Do you want to see a grand sight? Then go to Rehder's Thursday and Friday.

For Whooping Cough use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

BRUNSWICK SUPERIOR COURT.

Term Adjourned Yesterday Afternoon—No Suits of Importance Were Heard.

Brunswick Superior Court adjourned yesterday after a two day's session, Judge Fred Moore presiding. Messrs. Herbert McClammy, L. V. Grady, R. G. Grady, A. J. Marshall and John H. Gore, Jr., Esqs., and Solicitor C. M. McLean came up to the city on the steamer *Wilmington* yesterday afternoon.

There were no important cases tried at this term, and the proceedings were totally devoid of interest. At the beginning of the term there was not a single prisoner in the jail, and all important civil suits were continued. Among the latter were the famous Green Swamp cases, involving about 20,000 acres of real estate, and the case of F. M. Moore vs. Navassa Guano Company, the continuance of which was heard in chambers here Saturday night.

Judge Moore and the Wilmington attorneys in attendance upon the court are expected to come up to the city to day.

THE JOINT MEETING OF PYTHIANS.

Preparations Complete for Most Enjoyable Lodge Function This Evening.

Pythian interest in Wilmington is centered to day in the joint meeting of the four lodges of the city as the special guests to-night of Jefferson Lodge, No. 61. This event will be the second of the series of monthly meetings recently arranged and promises to be one fraught with much pleasure and overflowing with good fellowship.

Mr. E. H. Munson will be master of ceremonies and Mr. G. W. Branch assistant. The committee of arrangements consists of Capt. J. C. Morrison, Col. W. J. Woodward, Dr. J. N. Johnson, Messrs. A. S. Holden. R. S. Collins and H. E. Bonitz.

The address of the evening will be delivered by Dr. J. N. Johnson and another feature of the occasion will be a visit to the lodge by Mr. J. Robert Jordan, State organizer and an impersonator of splendid ability. He arrived last evening and will accompany Col. W. J. Woodward and his team for the institution of the new lodge at Clarkton Thursday.

N. C TEACHERS' ASSEMBLY.

Profs. C. H. Mebane and J. A. Holt Will Be Here To-day.

Professors C. H. Mebane and J. A. Holt, both prominent officials and members of the executive committee of the North Carolina Teachers' Assembly, which it is hoped will hold its annual meeting at Wrightsville Beach this Summer, will arrive in Wilmington on the Seaboard Air Line train to day at noon and will be taken to the beach to look over the field and and ascertain the relative desirability of the place for the convention with other points that are making efforts for the big gathering.

Mr. Jos. H. Hinton, proprietor of the Seashore Hotel, which is now undergoing enlargement and material improvement, will take the visitors in charge and will do all he can in the way of influencing these prominent educators to bring the teachers here. In this effort he should have the heartiest support of every citizen interested in Wilmington and its favorite seaside resorts.

CAPTAIN WILLEY HAS RETURNED.

Arrived Last Evening and Will Go in Command of His Ship To-day.

Capt. Owen S. Willey, in command of the U. S. revenue cutter *Algonquin* stationed at this port, arrived in the city last evening from Washington, D. C., where he has been spending several months under treatment by specialists for an affection of the ear which gave him great trouble during the last weeks spent in Wilmington immediately preceding his departure. The friends of Capt. Willey were rejoiced to see him again much improved and in good spirits. He will go aboard his ship to-day and will accompany her on its cruise.

Capt. Howison, of the revenue cutter *Boutwell* stationed at Newbern, who has been in command of the *Algonquin* during Capt. Willey's absence, will likely return to his regular post to day. He has made many friends here, who will note his departure with regret.

THE LAST SAD RITES

Performed Over the Remains of the Late Mrs. Oscar Pearsall Yesterday.

The obsequies of the lamented Mrs. Oscar Pearsall, whose sad death occurred Monday morning at her late home at Fernside, in East Wilmington, were held yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock from St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, of which the deceased was a faithful member. Rev. A. D. McClure conducted the services. The remains were tenderly laid to rest in Oakdale cemetery and the mound was covered with beautiful flowers which bore testimony of the high regard and esteem in which she was held by all who knew her.

The following gentlemen were pall bearers: Honorary, Drs. D. W. Bulluck and W. J. Love, and Messrs. B. G. Worth and R. J. Jones; active, Capt. R. W. Price, Messrs. G. J. Boney, W. H. Price, R. W. Hicks, J. C. Stevenson and J. E. Crow.

Beautiful hats, sweet music, lovely decorations at Rehder's Thursday and Friday.

IMPEACHMENT TRIAL.

The Prolonged Cross Examination of Chief Justices Furches Concluded.

JUDGE DOUGLAS ON THE STAND

A Number of Witness as to Character Testify—Supreme Court Decisions. The Martin Defalcation—No Further Discrepancies.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., March 19.—The examination of the books of the State treasurer and their comparison with the books of the State's prison with a view to ascertaining the amount of the defalcations of Major W. H. Martin, institutional clerk under ex-State Treasurer W. H. Worth, will commence to day. The examination will be by the special legislative committee consisting of Senator Arrington and Representives Winston and Shannonhouse.

State Treasurer Worth told me this morning that no further discrepancies in the books have been found since the arrest of Martin last week. Mr. Lacy and his clerks made some further investigation yesterday. He does not think the defalcation will amount to very much if any, more than has already been discovered, about $4,000 That is the difference apparent in the State's prison accounts in the treasurer's office and those at the prison. There is no other institution that would offer the opportunity for tampering with accounts that the State's prison does, for the reason that no other institution has fluctuating accounts like the prison, there being a constant income from the institution as well as a standing appropriation, thereby complicating accounts so that the clerk would have an opportunity to cover up his embezzlements until a careful and detailed investigation is made. None of the other institutions have fluctuating accounts, and the records show at a glance what the financial standing of the institutions are as compared with the appropriations in the hands of the treasurer.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

The Impeachment Trial.

RALEIGH, N. C., March 19.—During to day's session of the Court of Impeachment the cross-examination of Chief Justice Furches was concluded and the testimony of Associate Justice Douglas was taken. The cross examination of Judge Furches, as on yesterday, was conducted by James H. Pou. It involved principally the course of the court in the famous office-holding cases and the soundness of the doctrine that a person appointed to office has a property right vested in both the office and the duties thereof, and could not be divested of the right as long as the office existed, except for misconduct. Chief Justice Furches had a ready answer for every question, and cited precedents through a course of sixty years for justification of his position.

At the conclusion of Judge Furches' testimony Major W. M. Robbins, J. B. Holman, J. H. Hoffman and Dr. W. S. Stephenson were introduced as witnesses to prove Judge Furches' character. All gave him the highest possible standing. Holman said Judge Furches was a strong partisan, but did not think that would sway him in judicial decisions. Major Robbins shed tears in testifying; he had loved Furches all his life as a man, and hated his politics.

Watson was cross examining, and Robbins, in answer to a question, said Furches was no more a partisan in his politics than he (Robbins) and Watson were in theirs.

Associate Justice Douglas' direct testimony was very similar to that of Furches. His cross examination by Watson was very rigid, involving all manner of questions of law. The only notable feature was that Douglas admitted that according to his ruling in White's case the Legislature could elect a man to an office for forty years or life, and he would have a vested right that could only be annulled by abolishing the office and its duties.

To morrow Associate Justice Montgomery will take the witness stand.

Supreme Court.

Cases in the Seventh district were disposed of by the Supreme Court to-day:

Koch vs. Porter, certiorari issued and case continued; Lehew vs. Hewett, case to be submitted under rule 12, if counsel desire; Carter vs. W. & W. Railroad Company, continued; Barrett vs. McCrimmon, argued by Seawell and Burns for plaintiff; Knight vs. Hatfield, continued; Broadfoot vs. Fayetteville (two appeals), put at end of docket by consent; McDougald vs. Town of Lumberton, motion to affirm judgment argued; Dunham vs. Andrews, put at end of docket.

EXHIBITION GAME SATURDAY.

Delegates to Y. M. C. A. Convention Will Be Treated to Basket Ball Contest.

The basket ball game at the City Hall last night between the Young Men's and Boys' Brigade teams resulted in a victory for the former by a score of 26 to 12. Following is a line up of the teams.

Young Men's—Davis, E, Davis, L, Sweeney, Hopkins and Gore.

Boys' Brigade—Dosher, A., Irving, Loughlin, Dosher, W., and Peck.

The regular officials, with Dr. Wetzel as referee, were present.

Saturday afternoon at 5:30 o'clock at the City Hall an exhibition game will be played between the Naval Reserves and Boys' Brigade. The game will be complimentory to the delegates to the Y. M. C. A. convention and no admission fee will be charged. The public is cordially invited.

Don't fail to visit Rehder's Thursday and Friday.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. W. F. English, of Mount Olive, was here yesterday.

— Mr. J. C. Nixon, of Topsail Sound, was in the city yesterday.

— The STAR regrets to note the serious illness of Miss Jennie Burbank.

— Mr. A. E. White, of Lumberton, N. C., was an arrival at The Orton yesterday.

— Mr. J. H. Currie, of Fayetteville, paid his respects to the STAR sanctum yesterday.

— Mr. C. C. Lyon, of Elizabethtown, was here yesterday accompanied by his wife. They were guests at The Orton.

— Postoffice Inspector Jere Connolly arrived in the city last evening from Washington where he spent St. Patrick's Day.

— Mr. H. J. Lyon, of Elizabethtown, and H. L. Hinson, of Kenansville, were arrival at The Orton yesterday evening.

— Mr. W. J. Waren, one of the clever Southern Express Company route agents came down to the city from Fayetteville yesterday.

— Mr. Thos. H. Goethe and wife, Mr. W. L. Harris and wife and Mr. Dow McLean, of Washington, D. C, were in the city yesterday en route South.

— Capt. C. C. Morse, of Southport was in the city yesterday. He has recently returned with his family to Southport after a short residence in in Wilmington.

A Splendid Lecturer.

Dr. William E. Hall delighted a large and cultured audience at the Y. M. C. A. last night with his lecture, "The Travels of the Fool Killer." The lecture was in every way one of the strongest delivered by him since his arrival in the city and everybody present was highly pleased with his splendid effort. His closing remarks were on "love," and "scatter seeds of kindness." He thanked the people for the many courtesies shown him while here and said he would always cherish their memories.

Hibernian Society Officers.

The Hibernian Benevolent Society has elected officers for the ensuing year as follows:

President—Thos. Quinlivan.
Vice President—Wm. Flanagan.
Secretary—F. P. Donlan.
Treasurer—James J. Allen.
Standard Bearer—Thos. Murrin.

"A Waif of New York."

The Una Clayton Company presented the comedy drama, "The Little Detective," to a very good audience at the Opera House last night. To-night the sterling drama, "A Waif of New York," will be the bill. There will be a matinee Saturday at 3 o'clock P. M., when each child will be given a present, and the prices will be 10 and 20 cents. Ten dollars in gold will be given away Saturday.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

Until further notice the trains on the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad will not go to Ocean View, except on Sundays.

mar 20 1t R. O. GRANT, Superintendent.

BERRY CRATES.

BEST IN THE WORLD. BUY THEM AND TRY THEM CAR LOAD ORDERS FROM RESPONSIBLE PARTIES PROMPTLY FILLED

A. F. JOHNSON & SON,
mar 14 2w Clinton, N. C.

Opera House

TO-NIGHT.

UNA CLAYTON CO.,

in the sensational drama

A WAIF OF NEW YORK.

Prices—10, 20 and 30 cents.

MATINEE SATURDAY at 3 P. M.
Prices—10 and 20 cents. mar 20 1t

LADIES. LISTEN!

WHEN YOU WANT KISSES, OYSTER PATTIES, MORENGS, CHARLOTTE RUSSE, OR ANY KIND OF FANCY CAKES FOR BIRTHDAY OR CARD PARTIES, CALL ON US AND SEE WHAT WE HAVE.

WARREN'S STEAM BAKERY AND CAFE,
feb 19 tf 22 North Front street.

P. R. MOLASSES.

$491.46 in Choice P. R. Molasses.
$219.10 in Good P. R. Molasses.
$248.14 in Fair P. R. Molasses.
$187 00 in Good N. O. Molasses.
$110.40 in Fair N. O. Molasses.
$191.00 in Black Strap.
$186 50 in D. D. Syrup.
$110.11 in Pecan Syrup.
$141.00 in 10c Can Syrup.

Tell us quantity and terms wanted. We do the rest.

W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer,
308, 310, 312 Nutt street,
mar 17 tf Wilmington, N. C.

There Is Nothing Just as Good

nor anything that will cure La Grippe, Croup, Cough and Colds as quickly as Rice's Goose Grease Liniment. No Cure, No Pay.
nov 13 6m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

We Sell for Cash.

For once just consider what these four words mean for you. They mean that we have no losses from bad accounts; no high priced bookkeeper to pay, and no expense for collecting. This all means we do business with less expense than is possible with a credit business, and that we can and will save you from 20 to 30 per cent. on all Goods bought from us.

New Spring Goods Just In.

Piques, Organdies, Percales, Chambrays, Ginghams, Lawns, Dimities, Silks, Laces, Embroideries, Children, Youth's and Men's Suits.

Sailor Hats, Shoes, Oxfords, etc., etc.

We cannot mention one-tenth the Goods we have, but wish you to call and we will take pleasure in showing you our stock.

Bargains, Bargains, Bargains.

MERCER & EVANS CO.
mar 17 tf 115 and 117 Princess street.

Old Glory and War Eagle

CHEROOTS

Are among the best Cheroots on the market and we are agents for Wilmington territory. Try them.

ALSO

1,656 Kegs Nails and more coming.
450 Bags Shot.
500 Boxes Soap.

Several splendid deals on this article.

Two thousand Barrels Flour.
Fifty thousand Pounds Meat.
Get our prices.

D. L. CORE CO,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,
mar 3 tf Wilmington, N. C.

SEASONABLE GOODS

MULLETS, new catch.
Best Cream Cheese,
Martin's Gilt Edge Butter,
Bagging and Ties.
SALT.

A GENERAL LINE OF CASE GOODS IN DEMAND AT THIS SEASON.

Sole agents for
ROB ROY FLOUR.

McNAIR & PEARSALL.
sep

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Eastern District of North Carolina. In the matter of B. J. Sanderlin, bankrupt. In Bankruptcy. To the Honorable Thomas R. Purnell, Judge of the District Court of the United states for the Eastern District of North Carolina. B. J. Sanderlin, of Clarkton in the county of Bladen, and State of North Carolina, in said district, respectfully represents that on the 18th day of January, last past, the said party was duly adjudged bankrupt under the Acts of Congress relating to bankruptcy; that he has duly surrendered all his property and rights of property, and has fully complied with all the requirements of said Acts and of the orders of the Court touching his bankruptcy. Wherefore, he prays that he may be decreed by the Court to have a full discharge from all debts provable against his estate under said Bankrupt Acts, except such debts as are excepted by law from such discharge.

Dated this 19th day of March, A. D. 1901.

B. J. SANDERLIN, Bankrupt.

ORDER OF NOTICE THEREON.

Eastern District of North Carolina, ss: On this 18th day of March, A. D. 1901, on reading the foregoing petition, it is ordered by the Court that a hearing be had upon the same on the 1st day of April, A. D. 1901, before the said Court, at the office of the undersigned referee in Fayetteville, N. C., in the said district, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon; and that notice thereof be published in THE MORNING STAR, a newspaper printed in the said district, and that all known creditors, and other persons in interest may appear at the said time and place and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.

Witness my hand at Fayetteville, in the said district, on the 18th day of March, A. D. 1901.

SAMUEL H. MACRAE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Eastern District of North Carolina. In the matter of W. O. Thompson, Bankrupt. In Bankruptcy. To the Honorable Thomas R. Purnell, Judge of the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of North Carolina: W. O. Thompson, of Lumberton, in the county of Robeson, and State of North Carolina, in said district, respectfully represents that on the 31st day of January last past, the said party was duly adjudged bankrupt under the Acts of Congress relating to bankruptcy; that he has duly surrendered all his property and rights of property and has fully complied with all the requirements of said Acts and of the Orders of the Court touching his bankruptcy. Wherefore, he prays that he may be decreed by the Court to have a full discharge from all debts provable against his estate under said bankrupt Acts, except such debts as are excepted by law from such discharge.

Dated this 14th day of March, A. D. 1901.

W. O. THOMPSON, Bankrupt

ORDER OF NOTICE THEREON.

Eastern District of North Carolina, ss: On this 18th day of March, A. D. 1901, on reading the foregoing petition, it is ordered by the Court that a hearing be had upon the same on the 1st day of April, A. D. 1901, before the said Court, at the office of the undersigned referee, in Fayetteville, N. C., in the said district, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon; and that notice thereof be published in THE MORNING STAR, a newspaper printed in the said district, and that all known creditors and other persons in interest may appear at the said time and place and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.

Witness my hand at Fayetteville, in the said district on the 18th day of March, A. D. 1901.

SAMUEL H. MACRAE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States, for the Eastern District of North Carolina. In the matter of Frank Gough, bankrupt. In Bankruptcy. To the creditors of Frank Gough, of Lumberton, in the county of Robeson, in said District, bankrupt: Notice is hereby given that on the 18th day of January, A. D. 1901 the said Frank Gough was duly adjudged a bankrupt; and that the first meeting of his creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned Referee in Bankruptcy in Fayetteville, in said district, on the 1st day of April, A. D. 1901, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may properly come before the said meeting.

SAMUEL H. MACRAE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

Fayetteville, N. C. March 18th, 1901.
mar 20 1t

The Barber Shop.

It makes no difference whether the weather is hot or cold. You need a nice, clean, easy shave all the same.

We cut hair, too, As well as shampoo.

GUION & DAVIS, 7 South Front street.

F. S.—Brush the gentleman cap a pie.
mar 20 1t

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SECOND PRIMARY.

INSPECTORS TAKE NOTICE.

By order of the City Democratic Executive Committee, in accordance with Section 9 of the Act to amend the City Charter, a second primary election is hereby called on THURSDAY, MARCH 21ST, 1901, for Mayor in each ward, one Alderman in Third Ward, one Executive Committeeman each in the Fourth and Fifth Wards.

Polls open from 7 A. M. till 7 P. M. Candidates to be voted for:

Mayor—A. M. Waddell and W. E. Springer.

Aldermen for Third Ward—E. F. Johnson and W. E. Perdew.

Executive Committee, Fourth Ward—N. F. Parker and W. A. French, Jr.

Executive Committee, Fifth Ward—S. J. Bryant and J. P. Montgomery.

F. A. LORD, Chairman.
J. D. KELLEY, Sec'y.
mar 19 2t (Dispatch copy)

Those Desiring Good Stock of Poultry

Will do well to call at Davis' Livery Stables and inspect his Poultry yards. We can furnish Eggs for setting, from the following different breed of Fowls

Buff Cochin, Barred Plymouth Rocks, Yellow and White, and Brown Leghorns, Black Minorcas and White Plymouth Rocks.

GAME—War-Horse, Dark Wing Grays, Brown Reds and Flurry-eyed.

DUCK—Black Cayuga, White Peking and White Muscovy.

GEESE—Polish Geese.

PIGEONS of all kinds.

PEAFOWLS.

S. J. DAVIS,
208-210 Market street.
Both 'Phones 124. mar 19 tf

Vollers & Hashagen.

PROVISIONS.

WE HAVE A FEW CAR LOADS

White and Mixed Corn and Oats.

Bought below the present prices and buyers can get our prices to their advantage. Sold in car loads and less.

You can buy trust goods from anybody but you can't buy

Cuban Blossom, Renown, Topical Twist CIGARS

from save us. We guarantee sale. We guarantee them the most popular Cigar, and if the goods are not all we say they are we take them back at retail prices.

Sold in all kinds of stores.
mar 19 tf

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that, in accordance with the requirements of the law, all places wherein intoxicating liquor is sold must be closed for twelve hours prior to, and after the primary election to be held in this city on Thursday next, March 21st. Such places, therefore, must be closed from Wednesday night at 7 o'clock until Friday morning at 7 o'clock.

A. M. WADDELL,
mar 20 1t Mayor.

To the Voters of 3rd Ward

Having been notified that a second primary is required in Third Ward for Aldermen, I respectfully solicit the support of the voters, promising to represent the interests of my constituents to the best of my ability if elected.

Respectfully,
WM. E. PERDEW.
mar 19 3t

BANKRUPT STOCK.

Bids will be received until March 23rd, 1901, on entire stock of Jewelry, Watches, &c., of Dinglehoef Bros., Bankrupts.

For information or inspection of stock apply to

ED. S. BATTLE,
mar 20 1t Trustee.

Executors' Notice.

Having qualified as Executors of James Walker, deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons holding claims against his estate to present the same to us on or before the 8th day of March, A. D. 1902, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

This March 19th, 1901.

JAMES SPRUNT,
WILLIAM GILCHRIST,
Executors of James Walker, deceased.
mar 20 6t we

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MARCH 20.

LIMIT THE COTTON ACREAGE.

There is no economic question in which the people of the South are now as directly and as vitally interested as they are in the question of judiciously regulating the production of cotton. In the STAR of the 13th inst. we published some extracts from a communication in the Atlanta *Constitution* giving reasons why the cotton acreage should not be increased, every one of which was good. The writer of that communication was vouched for by the *Constitution* as one of the best informed men in this country on the cotton question. In the *Constitution* of Sunday there is another letter, on the same subject, by Capt. W. G. Raoul, formerly president of the Georgia Central Railroad, and now president of the Mexican National Railway system, whom the *Constitution* pronounces "one of the most distinguished American financiers." This letter so strongly supports the one from which we made the extracts in the STAR of the 13th, is so timely and pertinent, and of so much importance—not only to Southern cotton growers, but to the people of the South generally, that we here reproduce it entire, because, although somewhat lengthy, cutting would mar it:

"*Editor Constitution:*—The editorial 'To the Farmers of the Cotton Belt,' published in a recent issue of the *Constitution*, has sounded a note of warning that should be heeded by every cotton grower in the South.

"Too much emphasis cannot be given to that suggestion of limiting the cotton acreage within reasonable bounds, nor the importance of so doing exaggerated.

"When we reflect that the 11,274,000 bale crop of 1898 9 sold at an average of 6 cents for middling upland in New York, ranging from 5 5-16 to 6⅝, and yielded a total for the crop of $282,772,000, while that of 1899-1900, smaller by nearly 2,000,000 bales, sold at the average of 8 69, varying from 6⅝ at the beginning of the season to 10¼ in July, and yielded a total for the crop of $363,773,000, we can realize what it would mean to the Southern States if the production of cotton could be intelligently regulated to measurably correspond to the demands of consumption. Thus in 1899-1900 the South was relieved of the expense of making and handling nearly two million bales and received $81,000,000 more than for the big crop of the previous year. The difference is that between virtual bankruptcy and a high state of prosperity. The production of cotton is on a somewhat different footing from nearly all other commodities. The farmer can make no use of it in his domestic economy. Though the selling price may represent a loss, he must sell it. He plants with a possible knowledge of the annual demand for the world's consumption and with a certain knowledge that an output or yield within or corresponding to that demand the selling price will be profitable, but with no means of fore casting to the slightest extent what the total yield will be. Whatever the price, it must go on the market. He cannot retire from business when the price is unprofitable. The organization of business in the South and the commercial lines along which he must live and work are such that it is practically impossible for him to change from cotton to another crop, except through a gradual process of increasing his grain, forage and meat, and this can only be carried beyond his own needs of consumption, whenever there are better commercial facilities for carrying and marketing such other products which are now so sadly lacking in the business and trade arrangements of the South. But it is through this policy that he may do much to reduce the cotton acreage to the point of bringing the yield measurably in accord with the worlds requirements. With a surplus over the world's requirements of 1,500,000 bales to be carried over in the world's stock at the close of the cotton year the mills are in a position to make the price, for the reason that supplies are available to run them till the pressure on the market from the new crop still further increases their opportunity for forcing down prices; and the method of marketing the crop is peculiarly detrimental to the producer. From its bulky character, the risk and expense of storage and the pressure of the money lender it is forced upon the market as rapidly as it can be prepared for shipment, and thus, even in years of small crops, there is more being brought forward than needed for current consumption, which almost invariably depresses the price during the period the farmer is selling to be advanced later on when in the hands of the mills and middlemen and the short yield has become a known factor in the market. This system of marketing is calling aloud for improvement in the interest of the farmer, and small cotton acreage and better prices are the channels through which improvement can be reached.

"This matter of bringing production in accord with consumption and thus insuring reasonable profits to the farmer, the dealer and the carrier is vital to the South, but at the same time it is of the greatest concern to the whole nation. It is by no means the South alone that is to be benefited. It would be difficult to estimate with accuracy the proportional influences of higher prices of cotton in bringing gold into the country, keeping up the treasury gold reserves and in maintaining an easy money market which contributes so largely to the prosperity of the whole country, but that it is immense and that our cot on exports are indispensible in the settlement of our trade balances abroad all know and admit. During the past twenty years the value of our cotton exports have averaged over $320,000,000 per year.

"The big crop years of 1897 98 and 1898 99, both over 11,000,000 bales, reduced the selling price to an average of 6 22 and 6 cents a pound in New York and the value of our own cotton exports for those years was, in round figures, $232,000,000 and $212,000,000, respectively. The reduced crop of 1899 1900 an average of 8 69 cents per pound (New York market) and our exports for that season brought a return to this country from abroad of $245,000,000. Does not this speak eloquently of the importance to the country of the planter receiving profitable prices for his product.

"Now is it possible to control or regulate production in this vast interest to the extent of securing the benefits that follow living prices to the producers?

"Is it too much to hope that a combination of so large a class can be made effective even if it were desirable, but is it not possible that the following up of the line of your editorial of Sunday last and the co operation with you of the patriotic papers of the cotton belt would make a deep and widespread impression upon cotton planters and very likely result in avoiding any material increase in the acreage planted this season? The statistics of the cotton crop and trade in all their features are complete and exhaustive and easily available to all, but few will study them or apply their lessons to themselves. This is a subject that comes well within the province of the Cotton Growers' Association, but to effect results in the direction of their efforts it must abandon the idea of the possibility of holding up prices by concert of action after the crop is made, and begin in time to exert its influence to limit acreage, for all must know that once made the cotton must be sold and the quantity produced and the selling price must bear a constantly relative porportion.

"The very preparation for a large acreage is one of its most potent influences for depressing the price of cotton during the last half of the season. The bear wave that is now sweeping over the market is largely supported by the alleged information of extensive preparations for an increased acreage and for a largely increased yield by a more liberal use of fertilizers. This, of course, is only one of the many arguments and assertions made to depress prices, but it is one of the most potent and is being effective ly used in the face of one of the strongest statistical conditions for sustaining prices that has existed for many years, not excepting last season. The cotton brought in sight up to the 1st of March of the present season is 8,249,922 bales. If the amount to come in sight for the balance of the season is not more than the average percentage of the crops of the last twelve years coming in sight between March 1st and August 31st the present crop cannot exceed 9,500,000 bales. If instead of the average percentage of the crops of the past twelve years we use the figures for the amount that came in sight between those dates in our largest crop year—1898 99—it will only indicate the present crop to be 10,077,000 bales.

"Starting as we did on September 1st with only about 500,000 bales of American cotton in the world's stock, the above indicated yield will be inadequate to meet consumption as estimated by the best talent of this country and Europe.

"It seems strange that in the face of these facts and figures a concerted bear movement can frighten Southern holders into rushing their cotton on the market at the present comparatively low figures. W. G. RAOUL.

"ATLANTA, GA., March 15, 1901."

HER TEETH IN AFRICA.

The comments by some of the London papers on the incident at Tien Tsin, where a collision between British and Russian troops was so narrowly averted, are a confession of weakness and humiliation in not being able to resent what they regard as a piece of Russian insolence and virtually a challenge to Great Britain. With the war on hand in South Africa, and one which, notwithstanding the peace talk, will tax British military resources for some time to come, Great Britain is in no condition to go to war with any other nation and therefore must meekly submit to having (as some of the London papers express it) "her face slapped."

When some time ago Lord Salisbury was asked why Great Britain did not take a more positive stand in China he said "our teeth are in South Africa," and those teeth had about all they could attend to there. Other nations which were engaged in the grab business in China knew that as well as Lord Salisbury did, and consequently they gave themselves little concern about consulting Great Britain, or as to what Great Britain might think about what they were doing there.

While apparently acting in concert with the other nations Russia has been playing a lone hand in China, and has been clinching the hold on what she has grabbed, and she intends to hold it, too. She is not going to have any war about it if she can avoid it without surrendering the vantage ground she has gained, because she is financially strained and war just now would be inconvenient, but if it came to that she could stand it better than Great Britain could. Great Britain knows that too and that's another reason why her rulers do not want to grapple with the Bear.

And then again there is uncertainty as to what the attitude of the other powers might be when the scrap began, and they might find themselves confronted by more than Russia. This very uncertainty as to how many might be involved may be the potent influence at last to prevent the clash that at times seems imminent. It makes a great deal of difference with the average nation, and a great deal with John Bull, whether the nation that bucks up against them is strong or weak. The hankering for a fight is governed a good deal by that.

Explorations show that there are extensive deposits of coal in Rhodesia, South Africa, said to be as good as the Welsh coal. They are known to extend over 400 square miles. The coal lies within forty feet of the surface and the veins are from five to ten feet in width. Another reason why John Bull wants to hold his grip on that country and take in more of it.

Story of A Slave.

To be bound hand and foot for years by the chaines of disease is the worst form of slavery. George D. Williams, of Manchester Mich., tells how such a slave was made free. He says: "My wife has been so helpless for five years that she could not turn over in bed alone. After using two bottles of Electric Bitters, she is wonderfully improved and able to do her own work." This supreme remedy for female diseases quickly curer nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, headache, backache, fainting and dizzy speels. This miracle working medicine is a godsend to weak, sickly, run down people. Everybody guaranteed Only 50 cents. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist. †

AFRAID OF THE TRUSTS.

When Congressman Babcock, Republican, of Wisconsin, announced his purpose to move for a repeal of the protective duties on articles controlled by Trusts, his announcement was approved and endorsed by other prominent Republicans in Congress, but it was politics with all of them. If they were sincere in their opposition to Trusts they would have done that years ago when they saw the Trusts springing up by the dozen, for they knew as well then as they do now that this protection was the fosterer of Trusts and that without it there would be very few if any.

The organization of the great United States Steel combine, which includes all the great steel working plants in this country, controlling the steel output in its various forms, seems to have waked Mr. Babcock up and called forth an expression of sentiment by him, and others who agreed with him. But the war on the Trusts by the Republicans has not been declared yet and it is very doubtful whether it will be. If it be the reason will be the belief that such a movement will be made by the Democrats, which will force the Republicans to take position for or against the Trusts. Whatever the opinions of a few congressmen may be the Republican party as a party will move very slowly when it comes to antagonize the Trusts to which it is indebted for so much of its support and success. In commenting upon Mr. Babcock's attitude the Philadelphia *Times* says:

"Congressman Babcock, of Wisconsin, claims to have received sufficient Republican encouragement in his proposition to fight billion dollar trusts by repealing the tariff duties upon tariff made articles to justify him in introducing his anti trust tariff measure into the next House. That the organs of the trust fear that he will do this and give them a lot of trouble is indicated by the way they disparage the Babcock bill and its athor. Theyare trying to instill a goodly amount of poison into the public mind againstthe Wisconsin Representative and his measure in advance of the meeting of Congress

"Babcock deserves all the encouragement he is getting from Republican or any other source, for he has aimed his legislative dart at the vulnerable point in the trust armor. Those who do not want the American Republic to become the private preserve of the trusts, and its seventy-five millions of people their helpless series, should sustain any man or measure that will destroy the power of the trusts. The trust peril is one that threatens the entire community and transcends all party lines All who are threatened by this peril should join hands to protect themselves against it.

"Notwithstanding this apparent fact, Congressman Babcock's bill, or any other bill with similar provisions, if passed, must be made a Democratic measure and be enacted chiefly by Democratic votes. It might be good Republican policy for the Republicans in Congress to claim credit for Congressman Babcock's bill as a Republican measure, but they won't The trusts dominate the Republican party in and out of Congress, pay its campaign expenses, have their agents in both branches of Congress, and they will compel the Republican leaders to preserve inviolate the chief source of trust profits, the tariff which, according to Mr Havemeyer, is the mother of trusts."

"Congressman Babcock may introduce his bill, and Republicans by the thousands from all sections may indorse it, but the only party that will stand solidly in Congress for the principle contained in the bill will be the Democratic party. The Republican party is a trust owned, trust dominated party, Congressman Babcock to the contrary notwithstanding, and it will not declare its independence at the coming or any other session of Congress. The overthrow of the trusts will only be brought about through Democoatic victory and Republican defeat.

Some Republican Congressmen may talk one way on the Trusts, but there will be enough of them who will vote the other way to make the Trusts secure. If the Republicans who are honestly opposed to them, if there be any such, hope to check them by Federal legislation they must do it with Democratic support and Democratic votes. Every intelligent person in this country knows that.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— President McKinley said in his inaugural address that our institutions would not suffer by extension. That is a "glittering generality" to which there are obvious exceptions; but Mr. McKinley knows quite well that instead of being extended, our institutions are being contracted. That is inevitable when the executive power is increased at the expense of the legislative power. —*Norfolk Landmark, Dem.*

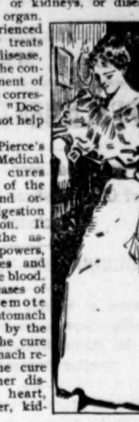
—— The importance of the submarine boat as a factor in warfare seems to be more highly appreciated abroad than here. England is building five of the Holland pattern, and France has ordered twenty three of a type designed at home. It is evident that in case of war between any of the maritime powers in the near future, these boats will be opposing each other under the surface, and in case of a collision not a man may be left to tell the tale of disaster. —*Brooklyn Citizen, Dem.*

—— Andrew Carnegie made a magnificent finish of his business career by giving five million dollars for the special benfit of the men who had helped him to earn his money. Of all the very wealthy men who have been enabled to get an unusual start in the world through the discriminating favor of our laws none have been so willing as Mr. Carnegie to frankly acknowledge the source of their prosperity, nor so munificent in so distributing their benefits. Mr. Carnegie has had a remarkable career, and is himself a remarkable man.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* — The Kind You Have Always Bought

HEART-SICK.

There are a great many people who have heart sickness, who have no chronic derangement of the heart. When the stomach is diseased it may affect many other organs, and produce all the evidences of diseased heart, diseased liver or kidneys, or disease in some other organ. The inexperienced practitioner treats the wrong disease, and hence the constant statement of Dr. Pierce's correspondents: "Doctors could not help me."



Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures diseases of the stomach and organs of digestion and nutrition. It increases the assimilative powers, and purifies and enriches the blood. When diseases of organs remote from the stomach are caused by the stomach, the cure of the stomach results in the cure of the other diseases, in heart, lungs, liver, kidneys, etc.

"Six years ago my stomach and heart troubled me so much I had to do something, as the doctors could not help me," writes Mrs. S. A. Knapp, of San Jose, California, Box 392. "I went to San Francisco and had treatment for catarrh of the stomach, and was better for some time, then it came back. I then used Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and 'Pleasant Pellets.' These medicines cured my stomach. I do not have the pain and indigestion as I did. It is very hard for me to tell you what I suffered before I commenced taking your valuable medicine. I recommend it to all the sufferers whom I meet."

To cure constipation use Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Troy *Examiner*: A posse of revenue officers discovered and seized eight barrels of whiskey in the woods near Little river, not far from Star, last week. This was shipped to Raleigh.

— Lumberton *Robesonian*: We regret to learn of the death of Mr. Seth Smith, which occurred at his home near Tar Heel Sunday afternoon. The cause was heart failure, from which he had suffered only a few hours. Mr. Smith was one of our most prominent and progressive citizens, whose death will be a loss to his community and county.

— Newbern *News*: George Lindsay, colored, died Saturday night at number 22 Jones street under rather suspicious circumstances Lindsay was brought from James City in a transfer Saturday night in a bad condition, being unable to speak, and was taken to the street and number above named, where he soon died. He usually carried a gold watch, which had beed taken with whatever money he may have had in his pocket.

— Raleigh *News and Observer*: News was received at Greenville by telephone Sunday morning that a murder was committed in Ayden Saturday night Full particulars not yet received, but from what can be learned two brothers named McGlohorn and another young man named Braxton had some trouble. The McGlohorns went before the mayor to get out a peace warrant against Braxton. Not long after this the men got together again and Braxton's throat was cut. He died in a few minutes. The coroner went down there to hold an inquest. The parties are all white.

— Charlotte *News*: Mr. Z. B. Buchanan, of Blowing Rock, left here last Wednesday for New York with a shipment of one million Galax leaves. This new industry is growing to large proportions in the mountains. This is the third shipment of one million leaves, each shipped by Johnson & Buchanan, of Blowing Rock, and we learn that the shipments from Elk Park and Montezuma will average a carload per week. These leaves are picked by women and children, counted and tied into bundles of 25 each and sold to the stores at so much per thousand, thus affording profitable employment for the children and others in the mountains where there are no factories. The merchants then pack the leaves thus tied in bundles into cases holding 10,000 leaves each and ship them to the cities for decorating purposes.

— Tarboro *Southerner*: Literally Monday W. J. Teachey, section master on the A. C. L., had a hairbreadth escape. He, in trying to stop a car which was moving, with a crow bar, was struck with that tool under the chin and thrown so near the track that while he lay there insensible the wheels actually ran over some of the hair on his head. Dr J M. Baker, the surgeon for the company, happened to be near, and at once attended him. He does not think the injuries serious, though he will, of course, suffer consideral pain from his bruised jaw and chin. —— Little Ellen, the five-year-old daughter of L. E. Barrow, near St. Lewis, bitten by a supposed mad dog about six weeks ago, died last Friday. After being bitten she was taken to Baltimore, where the physicians declared that they found no trace of the rabbies in her system. A few days before her death she became strangely affected, had spasms, especially after drinking water. She died in convulsions. Some believe she had hydrophobia, and others menengitis. The physician who attended her did not say positively what her ailment was. —— Near the line of the E. C. railway between Macclesfield and Turnage, on the farm of the late Dennis Mercer, now owned by his widow, is a huge round pile of lightwood placed there thirty six years ago to make a tar kiln. It is in the shape of an inverted truncated pyramid about fifteen feet in diameter at the base, and twenty five feet at the top, and nine or ten feet high. The resinous wood is as sound now as it was when put there At the rate the small bundles of this kindling wood is sold here in the stores, there is at least $500 worth of it. Mrs. Mercer, for some reason, will not sell nor permit the huge pile to be disturbed. Near it is a small pine tree whose bark is worn smooth by people climbing up it to see how the huge pile appears on top.

Bismark's Iron Nerve.

Was the result of his splendid health. Indomitable will and tremendous energy are not found where Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels are out of order. If you want these qualities and the success they bring, use Dr King's New Life Pills. They developed every power of brain and body. Only 25c at R. R. BELLAMY, drug store. †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, soften the gums, and allays all pain; cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. †

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* — The Kind You Have Always Bought

TWINKLINGS

— Knew the Cause: Giggleton—"I nearly died laughing last night." Parker—"Which one of your jokes were you telling?"—*Tit Bits.*

— She—"The opera was a bore—positively no one there of interest." He—"How about the De Reszkes and Melba?" "How silly of you I meant to say there were no prominent people there!"—*Life.*

— Childhood's Happy Hours—"Are your recollections of childhood vivid?" "Oh, yes; I distinctly remember all those persons in our neighborhood who used to give me things to eat."—*Chicago Record.*

— "George, dear, you and I would get on better if there were a little more give and take between us." "Humph! A little more give on my part and a little more take on yours, I suppose."—*Brooklyn Life.*

— Needed Help: De Cash—"I see you have taken a partner." De Curb—"Yes; I had to. A man can't keep a suburban residence supplied with servants and attend to business too."—*New York Weekly.*

— He'd Settle Old Scores: Tommy—"Oo! Ouch! Stop that!" Mamma "Why, Tommy, aren't you ashamed? I wouldn't cry that way if my hair was being combed." Tommy (fiercely) —"I'll bet you would, if I was doin' the combing."—*Philadelphia Press.*

— Gobbled the Cash—Reporter—"I am told that your trusted cashier has left the bank?" Bank President—"Did he? Thank heavens, we have the building to start with again!"—*Ohio State Journal.*

— Quite a Relief.—Husband—"What do you do when you hit your thumb with a hammer? You can't swear." Wife—"No; but I can think, with all my might and main, what a perfectly horrid, mean, inconsiderate, selfish brute you are not drive the nails yourself."—*New York Weekly.*

Presiding Elder's Appointments, Wilmington District.

Onslow, Bethlehem, March 23, 24.
Carver's Creek, Hebron, March 30, 31.
Atlantic, Andrew's Chapel, April 6, 7.
Zion, Summerville, April 13, 14.
Bladen Street, April 14.
Burgaw, Burgaw Creek, April 20, 21.
Southport, April 28, 29.
Clinton, Kendall's, May 4, 5.
Scott's Hill, Bethany, May 11, 12.
Fifth Street, May 12.
Magnolia, Magnolia, May 18, 19.
Elizabeth, Purdie's, May 25, 26.
Bladen, Deem's Capel, May 26, 27.
Kenansville, Warsaw, June 1, 2.
Grace, June 2, 3
Onslow, ———, June 7.
Jacksonville and Richlands, Jacksonville, June 8, 9.
Waccamaw, Zion, June 15, 16.
Whiteville, Cerro Gordo, June 17
Market Street, June 23, 24

R B. JOHN.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up mail orders higher prices have to be charged

BAGGING—		
2 ℔ Jute	8¼ @	8
Standard	@	7½
Burlaps	6 @	6½
WESTERN SMOKED—		
Hams ℔ ℔	10 @	12½
Sides ℔ ℔	@	8½
Shoulders ℔ ℔	8½ @	9
DRY SALTED—		
Sides ℔ ℔	7¾ @	8
Shoulders ℔ ℔	7½ @	7¾
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—		
Second-hand, each	1 35 @	1 40
Second-hand machine	@	1 40
New New York, each	@	1 45
New City, each	@	1 45
BRICKS—		
Wilmington ℔ M	7 00 @	7 50
Northern	9 00 @	14 00
BUTTER—		
North Carolina ℔ ℔	20 @	25
Northern	25 @	28
CORN MEAL—		
Per bushel, in sacks	52 @	53
Virginia Meal	54 @	55
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle	@	1 20
CANDLES—℔ ℔—		
Sperm	18 @	25
Adamantine	8 @	11
CHEESE—℔ ℔—		
Northern Factory	13 @	14
Dairy Cream	13½ @	14
Half cream	12½ @	13
COFFEE—℔ ℔—		
Laguyra	11 @	12½
Rio	8½ @	10
DOMESTICS—		
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard	@	5½
Yarns, ℔ bunch of 5 ℔s	@	70
FISH—		
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00 @	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl.	11 00 @	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00 @	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl.	8 00 @	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00 @	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	@	3 75
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	7 00 @	7 50
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00 @	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5 @	10
" Extra	4 35 @	4 50
FLOUR—℔ ℔—		
Low grade	3 25 @	3 50
Choice	@	3 75
Straight	@	4 00
First Patent	4 50 @	4 75
GLUE—℔ ℔	9 @	10
GRAIN—℔ bushel—		
Corn, from store, bgs—White	59 @	60
Mixed Corn	57 @	59
Car-load, in bgs—White	@	66
Oats, from store	37½ @	40
Oats, Rust Proof	42½ @	45
Cow Peas	90 @	1 10
HIDES—℔ ℔—		
Green salted	5½ @	6
Dry flint	10 @	11
Dry salt	9 @	10
HAY ℔ 100 ℔s		
No 1 Timothy	95 @	1 00
Rice Straw	40 @	50
Eastern	90 @	95
Western	90 @	95
North River	@	90
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔	2½ @	2¾
LARD, ℔ ℔—		
Northern	6½ @	8¾
North Carolina	9 @	10
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15 @	1 20
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—		
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00 @	20 00
Rough edge Plank	15 00 @	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00 @	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00 @	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00 @	15 00
MOLASSES ℔ gallon—		
Barbadoes, in hogshead	@	25
Barbadoes, in barrels	@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads	28 @	30
Porto Rico, in barrels	28 @	32
Sugar House, in hogsheads	12 @	14
Sugar House, in barrels	14 @	15
Syrup, in barrels	15 @	25
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	@	2 35
PORK, ℔ barrel—		
City Mess	@	16 00
Rump	@	15 50
Prime	@	15 50
ROPE, ℔ ℔	11 @	22
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum	@	1 25
Liverpool	95 @	1 10
American	95 @	1 05
On 125 ℔ Sacks	65 @	70
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Gran'd	@	5⅝
Standard A	5½ @	5½
White Extra C	5 @	5¼
Extra C, Golden	4⅝ @	5
C Yellow	4½ @	4¾
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3¾ @	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00 @	14 00
R. O. Hogshead	@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping	8 00 @	9 00
Common mill	4 00 @	5 00
Fair mill	6 50 @	7 50
Prime mill	7 50 @	8 50
Extra mill	8 50 @	9 50
SHINGLES, N.C. Cypress sawed		
℔ M 6x24 heart	4 25 @	5 00
" Sap	3 00 @	3 25
5x20 Heart	2 25 @	2 50
" Sap	1 60 @	1 75
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon Northern	1 00 @	2 10

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—45 bales cotton, 3 casks spirits turpentine.

W. C. & A. Railroad—715 bales cotton, 15 casks spirits turpentine, 79 barrels rosin, 46 barrels tar.

A. & Y. Railroad—8 casks spirits turpentine, 46 barrels tar.

C. C. Railroad—23 bales cotton, 2 casks spirits turpentine, 20 barrels rosin, 13 barrels tar.

Steamer Croesus—46 barrels tar.

Total—Cotton, 783 bales; spirits turpentine, 28 casks; rosin, 99 barrels; tar, 147 barrels.

For LaGrippe and Influenza use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT. †

SUCH WORDS WOULD CONVINCE ANY JURY.

Plain-Spoken Reasons for Recommending Paine's Celery Compound.

The one really great spring remedy that is in greater demand this month than ever before—the remedy that men and women in every station in life believe in—the remedy that naturally far outsells all others because it is the only remedy that cures is

Paine's celery compound!

Reports of druggists throughout the country prove Paine's celery compound to be the universal spring remedy.

The great discriminating public has created this tremendous demand.

For this marvelous remedy, first prescribed by Dartmouth's famous professor, has cured, is curing and will cure the people. Thousands of sufferers are every month being won over to its use because they have witnessed its wonderful cures among their freinds or in their immediate neighborhood.

Robert S. Dartt, like so many others, began taking Paine's celery compound because of the recommendation of a friend whom it had cured. The results were so much beyond his expectation that he is always eager to tell of it for the benefit of others:—

Covington, Pa., Jan. 22

I first begun using Paine's celery compound through the recommendation of a friend of mine, and find it has done me a world of good. I did not expect one bottle to cure me, but it did put me on my feet, so that I could work, while before, when I began to exercise I would have a heavy throbbing of the heart, grow sick at the stomach as though there was a heavy lump just under the short ribs, and it would seem as though my legs would drop off, and it would be such hard work to breathe.

Gratefully yours.
ROBERT S. DARTT.

Paine's celery compound achieved success from the very start.

It has lifted the burden of diseased nerves and impure blood from the poor and rich alike.

Business and professional men, brain workers, artisans, mechanics, social leaders of both sexes have come to rely on Paine's celery compound as the one safe, trustworthy, health restoring spring remedy.

It speaks volumes that of all the men and women who have recovered health by its means most of them were induced to take it through the persuasion of mothers, sisters, friends or relatives

It is a remedy for the aged as well as for the young.

The fact cannot be too strongly emphasized that Paine's celery compound is a physician's remedy, and as such is freely used and prescribed by the most eminent practitioners.

It accomplishes results!

For all those diseases which are really the result of weakened nerves or impure blood, such as dyspepsia, headaches, nervousness, rheumatism, liver and kidney trouble, malaria, and debility. Paine's celery compound is the only known remedy that not only relieves but permanently cures.

If you wish to be well and strong use Paine's celery compound. Its superiority to every other means of purifying the blood and strengthening the nerves has been proved in scores of instances in every community.

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET

[Quoted officially at the closing by the Produce Exchange.]

STAR OFFICE, March 19.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Nothing doing.

ROSIN—Nothing doing.

TAR—Market firm at $1.15 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market steady at $1.30 per barrel for hard, $2.30 for dip and —— for virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine steady at 53½@53c; rosin nothing doing; tar firm at $1.20; crude turpentine steady at $2.00 @3.25.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	28
Rosin	99
Tar	147
Crude turpentine	—

Receipts same day last year—36 casks spirits turpentine, 316 bbls rosin, 473 bbls tar, 3 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 8⅛c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	5 13 16	cts ℔ ℔
Good ordinary	7 3 16	" "
Low middling	7 13-16	" "
Middling	8⅛	" "
Good middling	8 9 16	" "

Same day last year middling firm at 9⅛c.

Receipts—783 bales; same day last year, 170.

[Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants.]

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS — North Carolina — Prime, 70c. Extra prime, 75c per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, 80c. Virginia—Prime, 50c; extra prime, 55c; fancy, 60c; Spanish, 75c.

CORN—Firm; 58 to 60c per bushel for white

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 13 to 15c per pound; shoulders, 8 to 10c; sides, 8 to 10c.

EGGS—Dull at 11c per dozen.

CHICKENS—Dull. Grown, 20@28c; springs, 10@20c.

TURKEYS—Live, dull at 9 to 10c; dressed, 10 to 12c.

BEESWAX—Firm at 25c.

SWEET POTATOES—Firm at 60c.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 19.—Money on call steady at 2¼@2½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3½@4½ per ct. Sterling exchange strong; actual business in bankers' bills at 487⅞ for demand and 484½@484¾ for sixty days. Posted rates 485@485½ and 488½. Commercial bills 483¾@484¼. Silver certificates 61¼@63. Bar silver 60⅞. Mexican dollars 49. Government bonds strong. State bonds inactive. Railroad bonds irregular. U. S. refunding 2's reg'd, 105⅞; U. S. refund'g 2's, coupon, 105⅜; U. S. 2's, reg'd, —; U. S. 3's, reg'd, 111; do. coupon, 111; U. S. 4's, new reg'd, 138¼; do. coupon 138⅛; U. S. 4's, old reg'd, 113; do coupon, 114; U. S. 5's, reg'd, 111⅛; do. coupon, 111⅛; Southern R'y 5's 116¾. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio, 92¾; Chesapeake & Ohio 46¾; Manhattan L 125; N. Y. Central 146⅝; Reading 32⅛; do. 1st pref'd 72⅛; St. Paul, 150⅝; do. pref'd, 188¼; Southern Railway 26⅛; pref'd 80⅜; American Tobacco, 127⅛; do. pref'd 146; People's Gas 106⅛; Sugar 141; do. pref'd 121; T. C. & Iron 57⅛; U. S. Leather 13; do. preferred 75; Western Union 89½ Standard Oil 792@795. Consolidated Gas closed 213⅛.

BALTIMORE, March 19.—Seaboard Air Line common, 13⅛@13½; do. preferred 32½@32¾. Bonds—4's 78¾ @79.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 19 Rosin quiet. Spirits turpentine easy at 37@37½c.

CHARLESTON, March 19.—Spirits turpentine, nothing doing. Rosin firm; prices unchanged.

SAVANNAH, March 19 Spirits turpentine firm at 34½c; sales 457 casks; receipts 256 casks; exports — casks. Rosin firm and unchanged; sales — barrels; receipts 2,150 barrels; exports — barrels.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 19.—The cotton market opened steady with prices unchanged to two points higher, although a decline had been looked for owing to a disappointing Liverpool cable report Following the opening there was an advance of one and three points on some positions on buying orders received here in response to over night wire orders. As soon as the outside buying orders had been sent, local pressure was renewed under heavy receipts and further unsatisfactory accounts from Fall Rivre, the latter in effect being that mills representing a total of two million spindles had agreed to shut down from now until May 8th, which meant a reduction of but 25,000 bales at most in consumption of cotton and a reduction of but 1,000,000 pieces of cloth. Liquidation once more became the controlling influence and with renewed selling also by the bear contingent prices dropped sharply from the level indicated by 8.26 for May to 8 10 for that position. This decline was very sharp, but was finally arrested by covering and the appearance of some good buying for a reaction. Throughout the session the market was exceedingly nervous but the close was steady at a net decline of one to seven points.

NEW YORK, March 19 -Cotton quiet; middling uplands 8 9 16c.

Cotton futures market closed steady as follows: March 8.16, April 8 14, May 8 16, June 8 15, July 8.17, August 7 93, September 7.53, October 7 43, November 7.35, December 7 34, January 7.34.

Spot cotton closed quiet and 1 16c lower; middling uplands 8 9 16c; middling gulf 8 13 16c; sales 9,415 bales.

Net receipts 532 bales; receipts gross 2,601 bales; stock 154,347 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 28,415 bales; exports to Great Britain 14 758 bales; exports to France 86 bales; exports to the Continent 4,611 bales; stock 820,507 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 68 404 bales; exports to Great Britain 23 134 bales; exports to France 6,324 bales; exports to the Continent 4 611 bales.

Total since September 1st.—Net receipts 6,181,586 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,348 871 bales; exports to France 558,872 bales; exports to the Continent 1,810,017 bales.

March 19 -Galveston, quiet, 8⅛c, net receipts 10,487 bales; Norfolk, dull at 8⅝c, net receipts 3,243 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 8⅝c, net receipts — bales; Boston, quiet at 8⅝c, net receipts 255 bales; Wilmington, firm at 8⅛c, net receipts 783 bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 8 13 16c, net receipts 100 bales; Savannah, quiet at 8⅜, net receipts 2 831 bales; New Orleans, steady at 8 7 16, net receipts 9,486 bales; Mobile, quiet at 8⅛c, net receipts 166 bales; Memphis, quiet at 8⅜c, net receipts 1,041 bales; Augusta, quiet at 8 9 16c net receipts 572 bales; Charleston, quiet at 8⅛c, net receipts 286 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 19.—Flour was barely steady and dull. Wheat—Spot easy; No. 2 red 81⅛c f. o. b. afloat; options experienced some irregularity, while showing general steadiness most of the day. A late decline in consols and various war rumors caused active covering for a time by local traders who had oversold on the opening depression abroad, but prices finally yielded again to realizing and closed easy at ⅛c net decline: No. 2 red March closed 80⅛c; May closed 80⅛c; July closed 80⅛c Corn—Spot steady; No. 2 49c; options opened rather easy with wheat but steadied up again on poor grading at Chicago, prospects of smaller receipts to morrow and the big advance in provisions. Closed steady and unchanged. March closed 49c; May closed 46⅛c; July closed 46⅜; September closed 46⅝c. Oats Spot steady, No. 2 23c; options dull but steadily held Petroleum steady Pork firmer; family $16 00@16 50, short clear $15 00@17 00; mess 15 25@16 25 Lard firm; Western steam $8 20; refined firmer; continent $8 40; South American $9 00; compound 5⅛@5⅝c. Eggs steady; State and Pennsylvania at mark 13@13½c. Southern at mark 12@12½c. Butter firm; fresh creamery 16@20c; State dairy fresh 15@21c; factory 10@14½c. Cheese—Market strong; fancy large white 11@11½c. do. small white 12@12½c. Rice steady. Potatoes steady; Jerseys $1 25@1 50; New York $1 40@1 62½; Long Island $1 50@1 75; Jersey sweets $1 50@2 25. Cabbage steady; State $14@$18 per ton. Freights to Liverpool—Cotton by steam 13c. Tallow quiet. Cotton seed oil remained in a very firm position as to prompt delivery, helped by lard products and a continued fair demand. Quotations: Prime crude, in barrels, 29c; prime summer yellow 32½; off summer yellow 31½@33c; prime white 35@36c; prime winter yellow 36c; prime meal $24 00. Coffee—Spot Rio steady; No. 7 invoice 7½c; mild steady; Cordova 8@12½. Sugar —Raw steady to firm; fair refining 3⅝c; centrifugal, 96 test, 4 1 32d; molasses sugar 3 9 34c; refined firm.

CHICAGO, March 19.—After holding steady most of the day the wheat market towards the end of to-day's session broke on liquidation and closed ½c under yesterday. Corn closed a shade lower and oats a like decline. Provisions were active, May pork touching the highest price in months and closing 37½c higher. May lard closed 2½@5c and May ribs 7½c improved. May wheat ruled fairly active.

CHICAGO, March 19—Cash quotations: Flour quiet and steady. Wheat—No. 2 spring —c; No. 3 spring 72⅝c; No 2 red 75@77c. Corn—No. 2, 40@40⅛c Oats—No. 2 25⅜@26c; No. 3 white 27¼@29; No. 3 white 27⅞@28⅛. Pork, per barrel, $15 10@16 85. Lard, per 100 lbs, $7 82½@7 85. Short rib sides, loose, $7 50@7 70. Dry salted shoulders, $6 50 @6 75. Short clear sides boxed $8 00@8 12½. Whiskey—Distillers' finished goods, per gallon, $1 27

The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—No 2 March 75⅛, 75¼, 75, 75c; April 75⅛, 75¾, 75¼, 75⅛c; May 76⅛@76⅛, 76⅜, 76@76⅛, 76⅛. Corn—March 40c; May 41⅜@41⅛, 41¾, 41⅛ 41⅜c; July 41⅝@41⅜, 41⅜@41⅜, 41⅜, 41⅜. Oats—March 24⅛, 24⅛, 24⅛, 24⅛@24⅛c; May 25⅛, 25¼, 25, 25@25⅛. Pork per bbl —May $16 00, 16 35, 16 00, 16 27½; July $15 25, 15 50, 15 25, 15 40. Lard, per 100 lbs—May $7 80, 7 85, 7 80, 7 82½; July $7 85 7 87½, 7 82, 7 82½; September $7 90, 7 92½, 7 87½, 7 87½. Short ribs, per 100 lbs—May $7 60, 7 65, 7 60, 7 62½; September $7 62½, 7 65, 7 60, 7 60.

FOREIGN MARKET

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, March 19, 4 P. M.—Cotton—Spot, moderate business; prices 1 32d lower; American middling fair 5¼d; good middling 4 31-32d; middling 4 25 32d; low middling 4 19 32d; good ordinary 4 11 32d; ordinary 4 3-32d. The sales of the day were 8,000 bales, of which 500 bales were for speculation and export and included 7,800 bales American. Receipts 19,000 bales, including 15,600 American.

Futures opened quiet and closed unsettled; American middling (l. m. c.) March 4 42 64d seller; March and April 4 42 64d seller; April and May 4 42 64d seller; May and June 4 42 64d buyer; June and July 4 42 64d seller; July and August 4 41 64@4 42 64d buyer; August and September 4 35-64d value; September 4 35 64d value; October (g. o. c) 4 15 64d seller; October and November (g. o. c) 4 11-64d seller; November and December 4 9-64 @4 10 64d seller.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Clyde steamship Oneida, Staples, New York, H G Smallbones.

CLEARED.

Stmr Seabright, Price, Shallotte, Stone, Rourk & Co.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., March 20, 1901.

SCHOONERS.

Massachusetts, 425 tons, Jones, George Harriss, Son & Co.
Edith H Symington, 881 ton, George Harriss, Son & Co.
Cora M, 137 ton, Mitchell, George Harriss, Son & Co.
Fred B Belano, 214 tons, Sawyer, George Harriss, Son & Co.

BARQUES.

Nore, (Rus) 470 tons, Aulin, Heide & Co.
Marie, (Nor) 441 tons, Nielsen, Heide & Co.
Hedvig, (Swd) 465 tons, Perssen, Alexander Sprunt & Son.
Inverdruie, (Nor) 567 tons, Wittusen, Heide & Co.
Aeolus, (Nor) 548 tons, Baresen, Heide & Co.

BRIGS.

Audhild, (Nor) 449 tons, Arensen, Heide & Co.
M C Haskell, 299 tons, Wingfield, George Harriss, Son & Co.

BARGES.

Carrie L Tyler, 538 tons, Bonneau, Virginia Carolina Chemical Company.

DR. PIERCE'S GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY FOR THE BLOOD, LIVER, LUNGS.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*, and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE **CASTORIA** ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

The Murchison National Bank,

Of Wilmington.

H. C. McQUEEN, President. J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier.

Assets over all liabilities $440,000.00.

We offer depositors and customers the very best facilities, prompt service and absolute safety.

Foreign Exchange bought and sold.

DIRECTORS:

K. M. MURCHISON,	J. C. STEVENSON,	N. JACOBI,
W. G. WHITEHEAD,	R. W. WALLACE,	W. B. COOPER,
J. A. SPRINGER,	A. B. NICHOLS,	H. C. MCQUEEN,
M. J. CORBETT,	T. M. EMERSON,	J. V. GRAINGER.

feb 13 tf

JOB PRINTING.

JOB PRINTING

BOOK BINDING AND RULING.

THE STAR JOB PRINTING OFFICE, BOOK BINDERY AND RULING ROOMS ARE COMPLETE I THEIR APPOINTMENTS.

EVERY VARIETY OF PRINTING, RULING AND BINDING DONE NEATLY, EXPEDITIOUSLY & CHEAPLY.

WM. H. BERNARD,
Proprietor.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

White Spring and Rust Proof

Oats.

Seed Potatoes,
Fertilizers,
Salt,
Molasses, &c.

HALL & PEARSALL,
(INCORPORATED.)
WHOLESALE GROCERS,

feb 8 tf Nutt and Mulberry

BANANAS,

ORANGES,

PEARS, GRAPES,

Cocoanuts

and Fall Candy.

J. W. PLUMMER, Jr.,

Bell 'Phone 680. mar 16 tf

For Sale.

200 Cases Pie Peaches.
100 Cases Table Peaches.
200 Boxes Star Lye.
200 Boxes Mendleson's Lye.
100 Bags Coffee.
100 Barrels Molasses.
25 Barrels Vinegar.
500 Boxes Plug Tobacco,

Cigars, Cheroots, Smoking Tobacco, Matches, Soap, and lots of other goods for sale at close prices.

SAMUEL BEAR, Sr.
Wholesale Grocer,

jan 19 tf 18 Market street.

D. O'CONNOR,

Real Estate Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

DWELLINGS, STORES AND OFFICES FOR RENT.
Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, Taxes and Insurance attended to promptly. Money loaned on improved property. nov 1 tf

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Truckers' Fertilizers.

Navassa and Armour's Fertilizers for corn, cotton and tobacco.

Sugar, coffee, meal, molasses, hay, corn, oats, &c.

Full line of heavy and fancy Groceries.

Call and see me or write for prices.

S. P. McNAIR.

feb 19 tf

One Car Load of

MATTRESSES

just received.

E. M. ANDREWS,

The Furniture Dealer,

117 SOUTH FRONT STREET,

mar 16 tf Opposite Market House.

At the Unlucky Corner

and Brooklyn Branch.

"WHOOPING 'EM UP."

Overstocked on Raisins—you can get the benefit of it. We get the advertisement.

3 Crown L. L. Raisins 10c lb.

GET THERE ELI.

S. W. SANDERS.

mar 17 tf

A WHITETHORN WOOD.

Oh, King Arthur's court went a-dancing to the Maying,
'Neath the spring's new sky, mid the spring's new blossoms straying;
Light laughs laughed they, and sweet words they were saying
In a whitethorn wood in the Maytime!

Sir Launcelot and the queen from the Maytime strayed apart;
In his eyes was dark Love's passion; in her breast was dark Love's smart.
Sir Launcelot and the queen they were clasped heart to heart
In a whitethorn wood in the Maytime!

Oh, Love's pain wakes with the wakening of the spring,
And it crowns a lass a queen, though she ne'er be wife of king!
Best stay at home and spin, for, oh, Love's a perilous thing
In a whitethorn wood in the Maytime!

—Evelyn Greenleaf Sutherland in Smart Set.

SELECTIONS

ODD USE FOR CANNON BALLS

They Take the Place of Steel Wedges In Stone Quarries.

"Cannon balls for blasting!"

This sign, hung in a conspicuous place before the door of a store on Atlantic avenue led a reporter inside and started a bit of questioning upon the subject.

The proprietor said: "Last fall when the United States government sold all of the old cannon balls and solid shot which for so many years were piled in pyramids along the main street of the navy yard at Charlestown we purchased a lot of them, with little thought of converting them into anything besides pig iron. But a few weeks after we had stored them here I overheard a quarry owner complaining of the slowness and uncertainty of the old system of steel wedging used in getting out huge blocks of granite, and after a bit of thought I suggested the use of cannon balls in the place of the steel wedges. We sent about 20 of various sizes and weights out to his quarry, and after the first trial he hurried a team in here with a note that read:

"'Tried the cannon balls. They are it. Send 50 more. Have thrown the steel wedges away.'

"The experience of this man led us to send the cannon balls and solid shot to other quarry operators, and within the past month the orders have been coming in so thickly we can scarcely fill them from the stock on hand.

"The method used in getting out great cubes or monoliths from the granite and marble quarries has been to drive steel wedges along the line of the lower portion of the split made by a blast until the great chunk of stone topples over on its face.

"It required a deal of time and a number of men with big iron sledges and steel wedges to separate these cubes from the quarry wall from which they had been started by the blast.

"The method now pursued with the cannon balls is to start the block of stone away by a light blast, and then between the quarry face and the block several of the smaller solid shot, usually the four inch sort, are dropped down into the aperture. Two men with crowbars give the block a little shake, and the instant the block moves in the slightest manner forward the shot take up their 'purchase' on the space made, when the large cannon balls, some measuring 14 or 15 inches and weighing 200 or 300 pounds, are dropped into the top of the gap. Now, the slightest outward jar by levers on the big stone sends these heavy cannon balls dropping downward of their own weight until, with an easy forward motion, the cube goes over on its face.

"These shot do away with any driving. Of necessity their great weight in proportion to their size forces them downward, and their form prevents any chance of backward setting of the block.

"These cannon balls are also used as rollers, as they take up and go over the inequalities of the quarry surface and can be rolled in any direction without resetting, thus doing away with the old style wooden rollers.

"They are also used to smother heavy clearing out blasts. Heavy rope mats are thrown over the surface where the blast has been set, and these cannon balls are thrown on the mats."—Boston Globe.

Bob Yates, the Checker Genius.

Whether Yates was the greatest checker player that ever lived is the same question as whether Morphy was the greatest of all chess players. Each has his faithful followers who can see no peers. The untimely death of each has left their respective reputations on a par. That Yates was a wonder no checker player denies. His aged father continues in the restaurant business in Fulton market, New York, and his place is one of the pilgrimage spots of the city for checker enthusiasts. The old gentleman says it was his son's wonderful memory that made his boy the champion of the world. He also declares that his son was happiest when he disguised himself in fisherman's clothes and trimmed the crack players of the market without disclosing his identity.—Schaefer's Checkerist.

Spread of Leprosy In Germany.

Germany is getting nervous over the spread of leprosy in the empire. The imperial board of health has just reported that there were 22 known cases of leprosy in Prussia last year. There were also six cases which are suspected and are still under observation and probably some which have not been reported. In the city of Hamburg ten cases were found. In Mecklenburg-Schwerin another case was reported. In the Memel district of Prussia the disease is indigenous. The Prussian ministry for religious and medical affairs is to make a systematic search for undiscovered cases.

"Betrothal Cakes" Now.

A new terror is about to be added to existence. The bakers and confectioners who are at present disporting themselves in the Agricultural hall propose to bring into fashion a "betrothal cake" similar to the wedding, birthday and christening cakes, in which case it is suggested that the "gay deceiver" would be the baker's best friend. The Bakers' Times, however, points out that care should be taken to give a guarantee with each betrothal cake that it will not keep beyond a month lest it should be "used in evidence" against a truant lover.—London Chronicle.

Like Unto Like.

Professor Tait of Edinburgh, after having subdued a lady pianist who annoyed him by taking to the bagpipes, was troubled by an amateur elocutionist in the house. One day, the story goes, when the house was filled with oratory a volley of explosions came from Tait's room, followed by smoke and unearthly smells. The lessons in oratory were suspended, and every one in the house collected to find what the trouble was.

Tait, with unmoved countenance, said to the landlord, "As there seems to be no restraint on the nature of the studies pursued in these lodgings, I have begun a series of experiments in high explosives, from which I expect to draw much advantage." The elocution ceased.

A MAGICIAN'S TRICK REVEALED.

How a Cane May Be Made to Stand Alone Without Any Support.

The widow of Herrmann, the celebrated sleight of hand performer, revealed the modus operandi of the famous cane trick when discussing "Magic as a Home Amusement" in The Woman's Home Companion: "The feat of compelling a walking stick or umbrella to stand upright in the middle of a parlor without being supported by anything or anybody always seems wonderful. It is best when about to perform this feat to have a black screen for a background and to order the stick or umbrella to stand alone about a foot in front of this screen. To show the audience that there is no person or apparatus behind this screen to secretly help the stick to stand when commanded the performer can take the screen away for a few minutes until all are satisfied that there is no hidden apparatus there. Pass the cane around among the audience to 'let them see there is no pin in the cane's ferrule and that it is an ordinary cane, absolutely without life.' When the screen is again in place, the stick can be hypnotized by a few mysterious mumblings, which will be certain to keep the audience guessing in the wrong direction. Then the stick will stand alone for as long as the performer may desire.

"The secret of hypnotizing is so simple that the audience will never suspect it. It is to previously tie a yard of black thread from the top of one of the front legs of an ordinary chair to the top of the other front leg, letting the 'bag' of the thread fall to the ground until ready for the 'hypnotizing.' Carelessly place the stick within the 'bag' of the thread, planting the stick upright six inches from the chair, making it appear that it is only by the merest accident that the performer selects this particular spot. Now take your hands away, and, of course, the stick will stand where you place it. The supporting thread will not be seen on account of the dark background. This and many other feats any amateur can perform after a little practice."

Prevented A Tragedy.

Timely information given Mrs. George Long, of New Straitsville, Ohio, prevented a dreadful tragedy and saved two lives. A frightful cough had long kept her awake every night. She had tried many remedies and doctors but steadily grew worse until urged to try Dr. King's New Discovery. One bottle wholly cured her, and she writes this marvelous medicine also cured Mr. Long of a severe attack of Pneumonia. Such cures are positive proof of the matchless merit of this grand remedy for curing all throat, chest and lung troubles. Only 50c and $1.00. Every bottle guaranteed. Trial bottles 10 cents at R. R. BELLAMY's drug store.

For Asthma use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

BEDROOM FURNITURE

can be either a suite or odd pieces, Both are in good taste.

Give yourself the pleasure of looking at the interesting work of the

FURNITURE

makers displayed here. There is a very complete line of

Wood, Brass and Iron Beds,
Dressers, Bureaus, Chiffoniers,
Commodes, Chairs, etc.

The goods are excellent. The prices low.

MUNROE & KELLY,

No. 17 South Front street.

Bell 'Phone 115. mar 19 tf

Quina-Laroche

THE GREAT FRENCH TONIC

Grand National Prize of 16,600 Francs at Paris.

When overworked, the nerves become unstrung, and a weakened condition of the body is the result; then the energies are relaxed and attacks of Cold, La Grippe, Stomach Troubles, Typhoid and Malarial Fevers follow.

Quina-Laroche gives strength to the nerves and muscles, aids digestion, purifies and enriches the blood, and builds up the entire system.

Paris: 22 Rue Drouot.
New York: E. Fougera & Co., 30 N. William St.

nov 12 1y we

NOTICE.

FLOUR, all grades, barrels and bags.
SUGAR and COFFEE.
CAKES, CRACKERS, CHEESE and SARDINES.
CANDY, in baskets and boxes.
CANNED GOODS, such as TOMATOES, PEACHES, CORN, OYSTERS, SALMON, etc.
MULLETS and MULLET ROE.
PEANUTS, Va., N. C., and Spanish.
TOBACCOS Plug and Smoking.

For sale low by

Williams Bros.

feb 21 tf

CAKE AND CAKES

That please the eye and taste good, are usually made of the purest materials and by expert bakers. We endeavor to demonstrate these facts in our bake shop by using none but the choicest materials, and employing men of thorough knowledge of the art and long, practical experience.

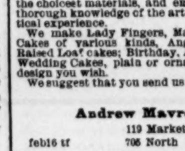
We make Lady Fingers, Macaroons, Fancy Cakes of various kinds, Angel, Pound and Raised Loaf cakes; Birthday, Anniversary and Wedding Cakes, plain or ornamented, in any design you wish.

We suggest that you send us a trial order.

Andrew Mavronichols,

119 Market street.

feb16 tf 706 North Fourth street.



Photographed from life

HINDIPO
RESTORES VITALITY

Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY produces the above result in 30 days. *Cures Nervous Debility, Impotency, Varicocele, Failing Memory.* Stops all drains and losses caused by errors of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Young Men regain Manhood and Old Men recover Youthful Vigor. It gives vigor and size to shrunken organs, and fits a man for business or marriage. Easily carried in the vest pocket. Price **50 CTS.** 6 Boxes $2.50 by mail, in plain package, with written guarantee. DR. JEAN D'HARRA, Paris

nov 13 1y R. R. BELLAMY, Agent.

Gaylord's

BIG STORE.

Miss Alma Brown and myself have just returned from the Northern markets where she has been with me helping me select all the newest and prettiest things in Dress Goods and Millinery. She selecting the styles and patterns in the newest weaves, while I stood by looking out for the prices I can promise the trade and my customers that I am prepared to show the largest and best line of Dress Goods from the cheapest to the best, beginning with Organdies 27 inches wide at 4c a yard Elegant patterns in ¼ Percales at 5c a yard. One hundred pieces yard wide Percales, including solid colors and all the prettiest shades—my regular 10c grade now on sale at 7½c yard—my 12½c line I will sell for 10c; some few patterns I still ask 12½c for. In White Goods I have some special things—20 pieces White India Linens, open fold worth 8c; I will sell at special price of 5c a yard. I have splendid book-fold Linens from 7c to 20c a yard. We have about 20 patterns of 3 yards each in Silkaline for Drapery, the regular price of which is 10½c wholesale. I will now sell them at 10c yard, 30c a piece Also 20 pieces Fancy Drapery Tickings, goods worth 40c per yard; I will now sell them for 21c yard or 60c a pattern, only in 3 yard lengths We have nine pieces French Flannels, for Waists, goods sold last Fall for 69c close, now you can have them for 39c per yard. Five styles fine Wash Silks for waists, regular price 50c per yard, my price 38c. Three hundred yards beautiful Taffeties in light shades, Pinks, Light Blue, White and Red, regular price 50c, my price 39c. In Crepons, I bought twenty pieces, closed out from Arnold, Constable & Co., imported goods 44 inches wide, goods they sold for $1 60 per yard. I have ten styles 44 inches wide, worth $1 25, I will now sell for 69c a yard. Ten styles 48 inches wide, worth $1.60 wholesale, I will sell for 98c a yard. One piece elegant silk warp Henrietta I will sell for $1.25 per yard. Bought thirty pieces Mullhouse Organdies, regular retail price is 25c, wholesale price is 20c I bought these in a job from Arnold, Constable & Co., and now can sell them for 14c a yard. Millinery—In this line we will soon be able to announce the date of our opening We promise the ladies of the city of Wilmington and surrounding country that we will be able to show them the grandest display of fine Millinery and the largest and best assorted stock, the newest and most up-to-date goods and at prices just one half regular milliner's prices. In Ladies' and Misses' Walking Hats for early Spring wear, made of beautiful Split Jap Braid, in white and assorted colors, ready trimmed with bon made of Silk. Hats that are new and pretty and sell everywhere for $1 00, and light as a feather, my price 58c. We have purchased large stock of Men's and Boys' cloth ing. A big stock of Men's and Boys' wide and narrow Straw Hats worth 25c for 10c each Thirty dozen Men's, Boys' and Misses' Caps in all colors at 10c each. A big line of Ladies' Shirt waists—Pleated fronts at 50c each. Ready-made Skirts—Everything from Crash Skirts at 25c each up to Silk Skirts at $1. Our Store covers 19,200 feet of floor room and is absolutely packed with bargains in Dry Goods. Come to see us and bring this ad and get your card punched with every cash purchase.

GEO. O. GAYLORD, Prop.

— OF —

Wilmington's Big Racket Store,

208 and 210 North Front Street.

mar 17 tf

Durham Telephone Manufacturing Co.,

DURHAM, N. C.

Mauufacturers of High Grade Telephones AND TELEPHONE EQUIPMENT.

The Telephone Trade is becoming every day more educated to the fact, that the very best 'Phones only, will pay in the long run.

We make a grade of Telephones that never disappoint, because we exercise great care and use superior judgment and the very best material.

We construct the most superior Switchboard upon the market, simple in construction and rapidly operated.

We solicit the patronage of purchasers who are looking for apparatus in which every detail in construction has been perfected, and in which design, workmanship and speaking qualities are of the highest grade.

OUR TERMS: We sell our TELEPHONES with an ABSOLUTE GUARANTEE that they are as GOOD AS THE BEST

WE FURTHER GUARANTEE that our prices are as LOW AS THE LOWEST, for TELEPHONES of equal merit.

When in need of TELEPHONES please write us, and we will take pleasure in sending you a sample TELEPHONE EXPRESS CHARGES PREPAID for your inspection.

We are fully satisfied that we can please you, both in style and price, if you will give us the opportunity.

Trusting that we may be favored with your orders, we beg to remain,
Very truly yours,

DURHAM TELEPHONE MANUFACTURING CO.,
DURHAM, N. C.

feb 8 tf

All we ask is that you just try one of these

Buck Stoves and Ranges. If they do not please you better than any you have ever used, we will take same back without expense to you. We also have a full line of Buck Heating Stoves; and last but not least, the wonderful Comfort Heater. "Great Goods These."

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.,
Purcell Building, Wilmington, N. C.

nov 17 tf

THERE IS A TIME FOR ALL THINGS,

But now is the time to open a SAVINGS ACCOUNT with the People's Savings Bank, for our REGULAR INTEREST QUARTER begins on April 1st Money deposited now will bear interest from that date, payable every three months. Do not put off making your deposit until to morrow or next day, something might happen to prevent if you delay. A few of the little Home Savings Banks left. Call and get one; we lend them to you.

The People's Savings Bank,

Opposite the Postoffice.

H. C. McQUEEN, President. JNO. S. ARMSTRONG, Vice President.
F. W. DICK, Cashier.

mar 15 tf

GET ALL

Your Harness From

Cowan Livery Co.,

And you are right.

mar 3 tf

The Good Old Quaker

Once said to his little boys:

"Nathan, it is not what thee reads that makes thee smart; it is not what thee eats that makes thee fat; nor what thee earns that makes thee rich, but what thee SAVES.

This saving habit may be acquired through the steady use of a savings account in our bank.

THE WILMINGTON SAVINGS & TRUST CO.

J. W. NORWOOD, President. H. WALTERS, Vice President.
C. E. TAYLOR, Jr., Cashier.

mar 6 tf

FLORIDA WEST S.A.L. INDIA SHORT LINE — VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS

DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

Between New York, Tampa, Atlanta, New Orleans & Points South & West.

Schedule in Effect Feb. 24th, 1901.

TRAIN 41 Leaves Wilmington at 3:30 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:31 P. M., Pembroke 5:50 P. M., Maxton 6:13 P. M., Hamlet 7:30 P. M., Wadesboro 8:45 P. M., Monroe 9:45 P. M., Charlotte 10:45 P. M., Athens, Ga., 4:08 A. M., Atlanta 5:20 A. M.

Close connection at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans and all points in Texas, Mexico and California; also for Chattanooga, Nashville, Louisville, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Chicago, and Western and Northwestern points. Connects at Hamlet with train No 27 for Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa and other Florida points; also with train 44 for Raleigh, Petersburg, Portsmouth and Norfolk, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore and New York. Other trains leave Hamlet as follows: Train No. 31 for Columbia and points South at 7:05 A. M. Train No. 403 for Monroe, Charlotte, Lincolnton, Shelby and Rutherfordton Athens, Atlanta and all points southwest at 6:45 A. M. Train No. 38 for Raleigh, Norfolk and points North at 9:20 A M. Train No 66 for Raleigh, Richmond and points North at 9:20 A. M.

Through Pullman sleepers from Hamlet to all points North, South and Southwest.

TRAIN 38 Leaves Hamlet at 8:30 A. M., arrives Maxton 9:05 A. M. Pembroke 9:31 A. M., Lumberton 9:53 A. M., Wilmington 12.05 noon. This train takes passengers at Hamlet from train No. 31 (Florida Limited) leaving Richmond at 10:40 P. M. and arriving at Hamlet at 6:45 A. M.; from train No. 403 leaving Norfolk at 9:00 P. M., arriving at Hamlet at 6:45 A. M.; from train No. 38 leaving Atlanta at 9:00 P. M. and Charlotte at 5:00 A. M., arriving at Hamlet at 7:50 A. M.

Other trains arrive at Hamlet as follows: Train 402 from Atlanta, Rutherfordton, Shelby, Lincolnton Charlotte and Monroe at 9:30 P. M.; train No. 41 from Portsmouth at 8:45 P. M.; train No. 27 from Richmond and points North at 7.50 P. M; train No. 44 from Columbia and points South at 9:10 P. M., and train No. 66 from Columbia and points South at 9 00 A. M.

For tickets, sleepers, etc., apply to Thos. D. Meares, General Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

R. E. L. BUNCH,
feb 26 tf General Passenger Agent.

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 16.

To Take Effect Sunday, Oct. 21, 1900, at 12.01 A. M.

GOING EAST. 3 Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Leave	STATIONS.	GOING WEST. 4 Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
....	3 40	Goldsboro........	11 05	....
....	4 32	Kinston........	10 12	....
5 40	5 50	Newbern.	8 37	9 00
7 02	7 07	Morehead City.	7 22	7 27
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

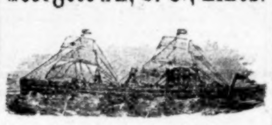
Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.35 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 P. M. and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

oct 23 tf S. L. DILL, Supt.

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C., and Georgetown, S. C., Lines.



From New York for Wilmington.
ONEIDA .... Saturday, March 16
SAGINAW .... Saturday, March 23

From Wilmington for New York.
SAGINAW .... Saturday, March 16
ONEIDA .... Saturday, March 23

From Wilmington for Georgetown.
ONEIDA .... Tuesday, March 19
SAGINAW .... Tuesday, March 26

Steamship Oneida does not carry passengers.

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight or Passage apply to
H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt.,
Wilmington, N. C.
THEO. G. EGER, General Manager,
19 State street, New York.

mar 14 tf

More Salt

WE CAN SUPPLY YOUR NEEDS, 10,000 SACKS.

SEED POTATOES

of the BEST variety and quality.

Seed Oats, Seed Rye.

Fertilizers

of all makes and grades.

Inquiries and orders solicited.

The Worth Co.

feb 26 tf

THE LATEST AS TO NERVES AND STRENGTH

It is not muscle so much as the nerves back of muscle which show one's strength and power of endurance. And the study with able physicians of to-day is how to keep the nerves in perfect health and fitted for the strain of every-day living. Headache of every type, nerve weakness, dyspepsia, sleeplessness, languor, restlessness nervous dyspepsia, muscular weakness, brain weariness, poor circulation,—a thousand different unpleasant feelings and symptoms are due to nerve waste and nerve weakness,—especially in women and children. But how can all this be prevented, one will ask? How can my broken down constitution be repaired, and nerve strength and full, robust health be secured. Just two points to remember: Determine that you will grow strong in nerves and health, and decide to use at once that most famous nerve cure, COCELIN. It is delicious in taste, quick in action and makes the wearied nerves tingle with renewed strength and every function the stronger and faculty the brighter by its use. Druggists sell it.

50 cents: or sent by

The Carrollton Chemical Co.,
Baltimore, Md.

TO ANY ADDRESS ON RECEIPT OF MONEY. WRITE US ABOUT IT.

---

10 Per Cent. Discount

For Cash.

Fine Goods must go to make room for Summer needs.

As the spot cash price is marked in plain figures on all my goods you can figure the discount yourself.

Iron Beds $3.25. Porch Rockers $1

N. F. PARKER,

Furniture and Furniture Novelties,

111 Market street,
Bell 'Phone 613. Inter-State 421.

RENOVATE YOUR MATTRESS, repair your Chairs, upholster that old Lounge.

mar 12 tf

Atlantic Coast Line R. R. Co.

Schedule In Effect March 4, 1901.

DEPARTURES FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND.

DAILY 9.25 A. M. No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.10 A. M., Warsaw 11.24 A. M., Goldsboro 12.21 P. M., Wilson 1.18 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.48 P. M., Tarboro 2.31 P. M., Weldon 4.32 P. M., Petersburg 6.28 P. M., Richmond 7.22 P. M., Norfolk 5.35 P. M., Washington 11.20 P. M. Baltimore 1.03 A. M., Philadelphia 3.50 A. M., New York 6.53 A. M., †Boston 3.00 P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M. No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.30 P. M., Warsaw 8.43 P. M., Goldsboro 9.37 P. M., Wilson 10.30 P. M., †Tarboro 6.46 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.23 P. M., Weldon 1.39 A. M., †Norfolk 10.25 A. M., Petersburg 3.20 A. M., Richmond 4.00 A. M., Washington 7.01 A. M., Baltimore 8.30 A. M., Philadelphia 10.35 A. M., New York 1.03 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M. No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4.13 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.58 P. M., Chadbourn 5.30 P. M., Marion 6.40 P. M., Florence 7.25 P. M., Sumter 9 12 P. M., Columbia 10.55 P. M., Denmark 5.55 A. M., Augusta 7.55 A. M., Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.25 P. M., Charleston 10.55 P. M., Savannah 2.45 A. M., Jacksonville 8.30 A. M., St. Augustine 11.10 A. M., Tampa 6.45 P. M.

WEST BOUND.

DAILY 9.00 A. M. No. 53—Passenger—Due Fayetteville 12.05 P.M., leaves Fayetteville 12.25 P. M., arrives Sanford 1.43 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 6.00 P. M. No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston †1.03 P. M., New York *9.25 P. M. Philadelphia 12.20 A. M., Baltimore 2.55 A. M., Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 9.05 A. M., Petersburg 9.48 A. M., Norfolk 9.00 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.21 P. M. Rocky Mount 12.52 P. M., Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3.30 P. M., Warsaw 4.22 P. M., Magnolia 4.35 P. M.

DAILY 9.20 A. M. No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 8.55 A. M., Philadelphia 11.33 A. M., Baltimore 1.46 P. M., Washington 3.12 P. M., Richmond 6.57 P. M., Petersburg 7 45 P. M., †Norfolk 2.20 P. M., Weldon 9.10 P. M., †Tarboro 6.00 P. M., Rocky Mount 5.15 A. M. Leave Wilson 5.57 A. M., Goldsboro 6.45 A. M., Warsaw 7.38 A. M., Magnolia 7.51 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.36 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 1.25 P. M. No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.50 A. M., Sanford 2.20 P. M., Jacksonville 8.00 P. M., Savannah 1.30 A. M., Charleston 6.48 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M. Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 2.30 P. M., Denmark 4.29 P. M. Columbia 6.40 A. M., Sumter 8.05 P. M., Florence 9.55 A. M., Marion 10.35 A. M., Chadbourn 11.41 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.12 P. M.

EAST BOUND.

DAILY 7.25 P. M. No. 52—Passenger—Leave Sanford 3.05 P. M., arrive Fayetteville 4.20 P. M., leave Fayetteville 4.30 P. M.

Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 8.05 A. M. Maxton 9.05 A. M., Red Springs 9.51 A. M., Parkton 10.41 A. M., arrive Fayetteville 11.10 A. M. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4.45 P. M., Hope Mills 5.00 P. M., Red Springs 5.43 P. M., Maxton 6.16 P. M., arrives Bennettsville 7.15 P. M.

Connections at Fayetteville with No. 78, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad.

Train between Rocky Mount and Richmond leaves Rocky Mount 7.15 A. M., arrive Weldon 8 17 A. M., arrive Petersburg 10 18 A. M., arrives Richmond 11.10 A. M.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 P. M., Halifax 4.17 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 5.08 P. M., Greenville 6.57 P. M., Kinston 7.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 A. M., Greenville 8.52 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.18 A. M., Weldon 11.33 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.10 A. M. and 2.30 P. M.; arrive Parmele 9.10 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M.; arrives Washington 11 00 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 P. M.; Sunday, 4.15 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 7.40 P. M. and 6.10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7 50 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 10 10 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, daily except Sunday, 5.00 A. M.; arriving Smithfield, N. C., 6.10 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 7.00 A. M.; arrives Goldsboro 8.25 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 9.30 A. M., 3.40 P. M.; arrives Nashville 10.20 A. M., 4.03 P. M., Spring Hope 11.00 A. M., 4.25 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.20 A. M., 4.55 P. M., Nashville 11.45 A. M.; 5.25 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 12.10 A. M. 6.00 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, daily, except Sunday, 11.40 A. M. and 4.25 P. M. Returning, leaves Clinton 6.45 A. M. and 2.50 P. M.

Train leaves Pee Dee 10.13 A. M., arrive Latta 10.31 A. M., Dillon 10.42 A. M., Rowland 10.58 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.06 P. M.; arrives Dillon 6.28 P. M., Latta 6.42 P. M., Pee Dee 7.08 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Chadbourn 11.50 A. M.; arrive Conway 1.30 P. M.; returning leave Conway 3 40 P. M. arrive Chadbourn 5 20 P. M., leave Chadbourn 7.00 A. M.; arrive Elrod 10.25 A. M., returning leave Elrod 5.55 P. M., arrive Chadbourn 8.35 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains leave Sumter 7.35 P. M., Manning 6.04 P. M.; arrive Lane's 6.43 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.02 A. M., Manning 8.47 A. M.; arrive Sumter 10.55 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 8.40 A. M., †7.00 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 10 A. M., †8.20 P. M.; leave Georgetown 6.30 A. M.; †4.15 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.00 A. M.; †5.35 P. M.

Trains leave Florence daily except Sunday at 9.50 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M., Hartsville 9.15 P. M., Cheraw 11.30 A. M., Wadesboro 12.35 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 8.00 P. M.; arrive Darlington 8.25 P. M., Bennettsville 9.22 P. M., Gibson 10.20 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 9.50 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 5.50 A. M. Bennettsville 7.00 A. M.; arrive Darlington 7.51 A. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.15 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 4.10 P. M., Cheraw 5.15 P. M., Hartsville 7.00 A. M., Darlington 6.29 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.00 P. M. Leave Darlington Sunday only at 8.50 A. M., arrive Florence 9.15 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1.59 P. M., 10.40 P. M., arrive Selma 2.48 P. M. 11.18 P. M., Smithfield 3.02 P. M., Dunn 3.40 P. M., Fayetteville 4.25 P. M., 12 32 A. M., Rowland 6.06 P. M. returning leave Rowland 10.58 A. M., Fayetteville 12.20 P. M., 10.22 P. M., Dunn 1.04 P. M., Smithfield 1.43 P. M. Selma 1.50 P. M., 11.35 P. M., arrive Wilson 2.35 P. M. 12.13 A. M.

Trains leave Sumter 4.00 A. M., Creston 4.52 A. M., arrive Denmark 5.55 A. M. Returning, leave Denmark 4.35 P. M., Creston 5.34 P. M., Sumter 6.24 P. M. Daily.

Trains leave Elliott 7.30 P. M., and arrive Lucknow 9.55 P. M. Returning, leave Lucknow 7.30 A. M.; arrive Elliott 2.20 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

Trains leave Elliott 10.35 A. M., and arrive Lucknow 12.15 P. M. Returning, leave Lucknow 1 00 P. M., arrive Elliott 3.30 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

H. M. EMERSON,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.

mar 5 tf

THE BEST PAPER PUBLISHED

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jan 3 tf

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MARCH 20.

DISTURBANCES IN RUSSIA.

Alarm in High Circles at St Petersburg. Three Students Killed by Cossacks. Many Arrested.

By Cable to the Morning Star

ST. PETERSBURG, March 18.—Alarm pervades high circles here. The police have notified house owners to have their dvornicks, or house police, report for duty, and hold themselves in constant readiness. A sotnia or company of Cossacks passed the Moscow gate this morning on the way to Tsarskoe Selo, seventeen miles south of St. Petersburg, where the Czar has just removed to. The police said they would escort the Czar back to the Winter Palace and that he would return by carriage instead of by rail. It appears more probable, however, that Cossacks were merely sent to Tsarskoe-Selo as a persecution, since his Majesty is more easily protected there than here.

It is apparently confirmed that three students were killed yesterday. The Cossacks rode into the crowds on the sidewalk and many faces were cut open by their knotted whips. Students and working men threw rubber shoes, canes and snowballs at the Cossacks. It is reported that one Cossack was killed.

An official of the political police said a thousand prisoners were taken, among them being three hundred and fifty women students. The presence of workingmen among the rioters rendered this demonstration more dangerous than any known in a generation.

After reading the manifesto the students threw their crumpled copies into the crowd and raised a flag inscribed "For Liberty."

The students also shouted "Help us get our rights" and the mob responded with cheers.

Serious riots occurred in St. Petersburg to day on the occasion of a solemn mass in the Cathedral of Our Lady of Kasan for the repose of the soul of M. Bogoliepoff, the minister of public instruction, who was shot and fatally wounded by Karpowich. The police fired their revolvers and it is rumored that five students were killed and eighty others either seriously or slightly injured. Wholesale arrests, including many women, followed the rioting.

CLOAK-MAKERS REVOLT.

A General Strike Involving from 10,000 to 12,000 Pending in New York.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 19.—The *Times* will say to morrow:

Notwithstanding the fact that the Brotherhood of Cloakmakers passed a resolution last Spring to the effect that there will be no strikes for a year, it was said yesterday that a general strike, involving from 10,000 to 12,000 cloak-makers is pending. The executive committee of the union stated yesterday that the manufacturers took advantage of the anti-strike resolution and believing the cloak-makers would not strike, have been cutting down prices. Several small strikes took place without the authority of the union, and more cutting of prices followed. Finally, the executive committee decided to ignore the anti strike resolution if the schedules of wages which are now being prepared for the late Spring and Summer trade is refused by the employes, and the scale will be enforced by the first general strike of cloak makers in case, as is expected, it is refused.

NO PROSPECT FOR PEACE.

British Government Notified That Gen. Botha Rejected the Terms Offered.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, March 19 —Joseph Chamberlain, the colonial secretary, to-day informed the House of Commons that General Botha has rejected the peace terms offered him.

General Botha, Mr. Chamberlain said, had conveyed the information in a letter to General Kitchener, in which he announced that he was not disposed to recommend the terms of peace General Kitchener was instructed to offer him, to the earnest consideration of his government. General Botha added that his government and its chief officer entirely agreed with his view. Mr. Chamberlain added:

"I propose to lay the papers connected with the negotiations on the table to-night."

SQUEEZE IN PORK.

For Delivery in May Soared to $16 50 Per Barrel—Shorts Alarmed.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, March 19.—Pork for delivery in May soared to $16 50 a barrel to day, $2.50 higher than the price at the beginning of the month and at the highest point since the beginning of the Lipton squeeze. Shorts became alarmed to day by rumors that two influential operators had secured control of the market and they covered, regardless of cost. Short lines of May pork are said to aggregate 150,000 barrels. At present there are only 30,000 barrels of contract pork in stock and a large part of it is owned by a packer said to be in the deal to squeeze shorts. The option has two months to run, however.

GEORGIA NEGROES.

One Thousand of the Race Asking Transportation to Liberia.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTA, GA., March 19.—Four negroes representing, it is said, one thousand of their race living in Elbert county, in the northern portion of the State, to day appeared before Governor Candler and asked that he furnish transportation to them that they may return to Liberia. It is said the negroes may ask aid of the national government.

It saved His Leg.

P A. Danforth, of LaGrange, Ga., suffered intelsely for six months with a frightful running sore on his leg, but writes that Bucklen's Arnica Salve wholly cured it in ten days. For Ulcers, Wounds, Burns, Boils, Pain or Piles it's the best salve the world. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c Sold by Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

NEGOTIATIONS AT PEKIN MAY FAIL.

Foreign Ministers Cannot Agree Upon Any Uniform Basis of Indemnity.

THE DIFFICULTY AT TIEN TSIN

Anglo-Russian Dispute Still Unsettled. Armed Forces Are Still Confronting Each Other—Russians Ordered to Fire if Work is Begun

By Cable to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—It is feared here that negotiations at Pekin respecting indemnities may fail, owing to the greed of individual nations Mr. Rockbill, our special commissioner, who has been in close communication by cable with the State Department, has nothing but discouraging reports to make of this important branch of the negotiations. It appears that the ministers cannot agree upon any uniform basis of indemnity, some of the Powers demanding enormous sums.

In most cases the Powers contend for the right of fixing their own indemnities. The result is that each Power, in order not to be outdone, fixes the total of its claims at an enormous figure, far beyond anything known to the history of indemnity collections. When the point is made that the sum total of these national claims is far beyond the ability of China to pay, some of the nations reply by professing a willingness to scale down their claims as soon as the fact of China's inability is manifested. However, as another precaution, the same nations promptly adjust their claims so that the scaling down process, if applied, would still leave them with a total indemnity claim at least equal to that of any other nation.

The difficulty encountered in passing this point in the negotiations is attracting much more of the attention of the officials here than the threatened collision between the allies at Tien Tsin, which, by the way, has so far not been the subject of a report to the State Department from Mr. Rockhill, though there is reason to believe that some of the ambassadors here have made it the basis of unofficial conferences with the Secretary of State.

The Tien Tsin Difficulty.

LONDON, March 19 —Some of the afternoon papers say the Tien Tsin difficulty has been arranged. The misunderstanding was due to the Chinese granting the same concession to two nations.

The arrangement enables Great Britain to proceed with the construction of the railroad siding, but if Russia's concession proves to be earlier than that of Great Britain, the latter is to acknowledge the claims of Russia. The Foreign Office, however, has no information tending to confirm the announcements of an arrangement having been made, and the officials are rather inclined to doubt that such an arrangement has been arrived at. They say the original concession was given up by Russia.

Excitement Continues.

TIEN TSIN, Tuesday, March 19, 1901. —The excitement and anxiety here as to the possible developments of the Anglo Russian siding dispute do not abate. A company of British troops and a company of Russian soldiers remain encamped on either side of the trench, looking at each other. The Russians have orders to fire on any one commencing work. General Wogack says the trouble was caused by the unwarrantable interference of the British in the affairs of the Russian concession, and he adds that the siding will not be continued unless he receives orders from his superiors.

Field Marshal Von Waldersee is expected here to day. Both sides will appeal to him but they both consider the matter to be beyond his authority and will await orders from Europe.

Speaking of the attack made by a number of excited French soldiers on some members of the British Sikh regiment, Sunday, in the French concession, General Lorne-Campbell says it was merely a child ish outbreak against the orders of their own general, who had forbidden the French soldiers to enter the British concession. This order followed a request made by General Lorne Campbell after almost every resident had complained of the behavior of the French in insulting women, refusing to pay for purchases, acting riotously and abusing American and British soldiers.

British Must Act.

General Voyron, the French commander, recognized that this must stop and ordered the French soldiers to keep in their own concession. General Lorne-Campbell was perfectly satisfied that General Voyron was in harmony with himself and anxious to maintain order. Major Foote (Ninth U. S. infantry) says the French soldiers were abusive to the American troops who were unarmed while out on pass, while the French were armed with swords or bayonets. On one occasion an American disarmed a Frenchman and turned over his weapon to the sergeant of the guard, explaining satisfactorily his reasons for the action taken.

Major Foote thought that sooner or later the British must act in the interest of the concession.

General Voyron says there is no friction between the French and the British. The incident of Sunday was regrettable, was caused by a few excitable men, and has no connection whatever with any feeling individual Frenchmen may hold in favor of the Russian claims in connection with the land on which it was proposed to build the railroad siding.

Regarding Manchuria.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 19—Answering a question of the correspondent of the Associated Press, a competent official, to-day said:

"It is not true that Russia has yielded to the representations of any of the Powers and modified her demands respecting Manchuria, because no representations have been made. Every tentative attempt to address the Russian government on the subject of our *pour parlers* with China has been categorically declined. Russia is a great power and has the right to interfere. Tentatives made in a friendly spirit, however, received a friendly answer. But, plainly stated, Russia cannot receive inquiries regarding the above *pour parlers*. The result there of will doubtless be made known latter."

The informant of the correspondent of the Associated Press admitted that the power rebuffed was Great Britain.

The informant of the correspondent ridiculed the talk of a military conflict at Tien Tsin. He said: "If diplomacy is unable to settle the controversy Russia is willing to submit it to arbitration, perhaps to The Hague Tribunal, or to some other arbitrator. After England captures DeWet perhaps she will have the courage for a military conflict in another quarter of the world. While he is promenading around the British forces, it is hardly probable that England will seek trouble elsewhere.

Russian Modifications.

LONDON, March 20.—Dr. Morrison, writing in the *Times* from Pekin, says:

"Prince Ching received to day and confirmed the information as to Russia's modifications of the Manchurian convention. The Chinese minister at St. Petersburg officially reports that Russia has agreed to eliminate the clause granting her exclusive privileges in Mongolia and Turkestan, and to modify various other clauses objected to by China.

"Prince Ching warmly appreciates the assistance rendered China by the intervention of England, the United States and Japan, but he is not optimistic concerning the return of the court to Pekin.

"The Russian amendments do not seem to modify sensibly the character of the convention as creating a permanent protectorate. The amended clause giving Russia the right to construct a railway joining the Manchurian line to the Great Wall declares that the concession of the railway between Shan Hai Kwan and Niu Chwang to a foreign company was a breach of a previous agreement between China and Russia.

"No agreement has hitherto been published with which the concession could conflict, and it is evident that there have been a series of such secret agreements, beginning with the secret treaty, which Li Hung Chang negotiated during his mission to Russia in 1896. I questioned Prince Ching concerning this treaty, and he assented to my suggestion of its existence without the slightest demur. I have reason to believe it originally promised China protection only against Japan, but was modified at China's request to include protection against aggression by all foreign Powers. China invoked its provisions after Germany secured Kio Chou, but Russia turned a deaf ear.

A DETROIT ROMANCE.

Return of a Remorse Stricken Husband to His Aged Wife After an Absence of Twenty-five Years.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

DETROIT, MICH., March 19.—A special to the *Free Press* from Grand Rapids says:

Within the past ten days in the beautiful home of Charles P. Limbert, a prominent member of society and business circles, a drama has been enacted that in a novel would be discredited as bordering on the impossible.

It has been generally accepted for the past quarter of a century that Mrs. Limbert, the aged mother of Charles Limbert, was a widow. Recently the aged lady was stricken with paralysis and about two weeks ago, while very low, she begged for her husband, asking to see him but a few minutes. All attempts to sooth her were in vain.

One week ago, an aged stranger drove up to the house and asked Miss Limbert is who is the constant companion of her invalid mother, if he might see Mrs. Limbert. Miss Limbert refused on account of her mother's illness.

"Are you Clara?" asked the old gentleman.

"Yes," was the answer.

"I am your father," he said, with a sob, and he was ushered in when Miss Limbert had recovered from the first shock.

The old man was greatly agitated and sank in a faint into a chair, but revived, and after consultation with the doctors was permitted to see his wife. The recognition was instantaneous and as the two embraced the household withdrew. The door was shortly shoved open and, ashy white, the father staggered into the hall and sought the arms of the nurses as props. He rallied during the afternoon, but in the evening, when he witnessed his wife's sufferings again, he collapsed and was carried to a bed in a semi-unconscious condition. Later he become totally unconscious and never revived. Friday he died and Saturday with the greatest secrecy, he was buried in a country cemetery nearly ten miles out of town. There was no coffin used, but the children insisted on reviving an old Indian idea of wrapping the body in rich linen and rolling it in a beautiful shawl and then resting it upon a frame with handles.

Before he was gone the venerable man said he was a ranch owner with property in Colorado, and on his person was found a large amount of currency and some valuable papers.

The funeral was conducted so quietly that the mother still believes the father lives and is in the room opposite her own, ill. It is feared that she will not survive if the news of the death is communicated to her.

AS TO FREIGHT RATES.

Representatives of Shipping Interests in Conference and Exchanging Views.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, March 19.—Representatives of Eastern and Southern shipping interests and members of the Southern Classification Committee met here to-day and exchanged views regarding the friction which has existed for some time between local shippers and the transportation companies.

A year ago the Classification Committee advanced in class over two-thirds of the 2,600 items of merchandise. This caused small shippers to complain, as the burden of the increased freight rates fell upon them, while the big shippers who dealt in carload lots escaped.

Before the committee, F. B. Thurber, of the United States Export Association, said: "I believe it to be to the carriers' interests to foster small shippers. Transportation companies can get a better average rate from many small shippers than from a few large ones, and it should be remembered that large shippers are constantly pressing for lower rates and individual advantages, while the small shippers are not heard in the case except through commercial organizations."

FOUNDERED OFF HATTERAS.

A Fruit Barge in Tow of a Tug Bound for the West Indies.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BOSTON, MASS., March 19.—A cable gram received to-day announced that the tug C W. Morse, which left this port March 4th for Port Limon and Beliz, towing fruit barges S. Pizzati and Atlas, arrived at Port Antonio, Sunday morning with the Atlas. The S Pizzati foundered off Cape Hatteras during a storm. Captain Thompson and her crew of four men were saved by the tug and landed at Port Antonio.

IN ITS ADVANCED and chronic form a cold in the head is known as Nasal Catarrh and is the recognized source of other diseases. Having stood the test of continued successful use, Ely's Cream Balm is recognized as a specific for membranal diseases in the nasal passages, and you should resort to this treatment in your own case. It is not drying, does not produce sneezing. Price 50 cents at druggists or by mail. Ely Brothers, 56 Warren Street, New York. Give up prejudice and try it.

GUARDS HELD AS HOSTAGES.

Two Hundred and Eighty-four Convicts of the Kansas Penitentiary.

MUTINY IN A COAL MINE.

Threaten to Kill the Guards If Their Demands Are Not Complied With--Have Killed the Mules in Mines and Are Living on This Meat

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LEAVENWORTH, KAS., March 19.—In the Kansas State penitentiary coal mine, at Lansing, 284 prisoners who went down into the mine on Monday morning have mutinied and are holding fifteen guards as hostages. They refuse to let the guards come to the surface until Warden Tomlinson promises to give them better food. They threaten to kill the guards if their demands are not complied with.

The mines are worked by the worst class of convicts and among those who have mutinied are twenty life prisoners. Warden Tomlinson has refused to grant the demand.

There was great consternation this afternoon among the families of the guards who are held by the convicts. All the penitentiary shops have been closed and the convicts have been locked in their cells in order to have all the guards in readiness for emergency to handle the convicts should they attempt to rush from the mine.

Prisoners' Complaints.

Many complaints have been made by the prisoners because of the grade of food furnished them, and to this dissatisfaction has been added allegations of mistreatment. No outbreak was attempted, however, until the men, who had entered the mine, refused to return unless their demands were granted. They killed the mules used in the mine, and are living on this meat.

Serious trouble is apprehended if it is found necessary to send deputies into the colliery.

The miners have threatened to wreck the mines, but the threat is laughed at by Warden Tomlinson, who says they would not attempt this, as such action would endanger their lives. He says he will starve them out.

A communication was received from one of the guards to-day stating that they were hungry and tired, but so far as he could learn all were alive.

Beginning the Outbreak.

The first outbreak in the mine took place shortly after the noon meal yesterday and was started by the convicts in Division No. 8. Of the nineteen men in this division sixteen seized the guard and overpowered him and announced that they had decided to strike. They told the guard that they had decided to mine two instead of three cars of coal as a day's work in the future, and that they proposed to have better food. This guard was left in charge of two of the convicts in the mutiny, while the others marched to the adjoining division and called on the convicts there to join the revolt. The convicts were soon marching through the mine from one division after another, yelling and swinging their lamps and picks. Other desperate convicts entered into the spirit of the revolt, while short-term men generally offered no opposition to the mutineers and quietly joined them. So far as can be learned, no opposition of any kind was offered the convicts. The officers being unarmed, were helpless, and the life of any one would have been forfeited had he tried even to check the mad spirit of the convicts.

Guard McShane, one of the fifteen hostages, was hoisted to the surface to night, the striking convicts permitting it because of his being ill. He reported that the prisoners have been careful to avoid any violent act. The other guards, he said, are in good condition and will hold out as long as the convicts remain mutinous.

An hour later a signal came from below and a lone convict, not in sympathy with the strike, was hoisted As the cages were half the distance from the bottom of the shaft, the prisoner was compelled to climb four hundred feet, crawling up on the shaft timbers to reach the cages. The convict said the men in the mine had had nothing to eat since noon yesterday, except some corn coffee which was made from corn used to feed the mules in the mine. The mules, he said, will be eaten unless the strike is ended soon. Late to night another convict was hoisted to the surface to confer with the warden.

Warden Tomlison says he will force the convicts to surrender unconditionally, much as he regrets starving his own officers.

At an End.

The insurrection of the convict miners in the State shaft at Lansing was brought to a close at 11:30 o'clock to-night and the mutinous convicts are being placed in their cells as fast as they can be brought to the surface. The imprisoned guards have been released and are again above the surface.

GEN. HARRISON'S WILL.

Leaves Most of His Property to His Wife. Bequests to His Grand Children.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 19.—The will of General Harrison was filed for probate to-day. He bequeaths to the Union Trust Company, as trustee, $125,000 to be invested, the interest to be paid to his wife during the term of her life. To his wife he also leaves $15,000; to his daughter Elizabeth $10,000 to be paid to his wife as trustee. He leaves $10,000 to be invested for his grandson Benjamin Harrison McKee. To each of his grandchildren, Mary Lodge McKee, Marthena Harrison, and William Henry Harrison, he leaves the sum of $2,500.

Item sixteen of the will reads as follows: "If another child should be born to me of my present marriage I give and bequeath to such child the sum of ten thousand dollars. If a boy shall be born to me he shall bear my name, and my sword and sash shall be given to him instead of to my son Russell."

COMMITTED SUICIDE.

John R Ashe, President of York Cotton Mills, Threw Himself Into a Well.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTA, GA., March 19.—A special from Yorkville, S. C., says:

John R. Ashe, president of the York Cotton Mills, committed suicide by throwing himself into a well. It is believed the deed was committed under temporary aberration, caused by a failure to finance a debt of his mill, amounting to $30,000. A feature of the affair is the fact that Superintendent Grimes of the mill, had already perfected arrangements to get the desired money.

WU TING FANG ON CHINESE CIVILIZATION.

Comparison Instituted With That of the West—Address Delivered at the University of Chicago.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

CHICAGO, March 19.—Wu Ting Fang, Chinese minister to the United States, delivered the convocation address of the University of Chicago, at the Studebaker theatre this afternoon, before the faculty of the institution, and an audience that packed the theatre to the doors. Mr. Wu took for his subject, "Chinese Civilization." His defence of the civilization of his native country, in his comparisons with that of the civilization of the Occident was much applauded. Mr. Wu said:

"True it is that China's isolation has served to strengthen the nation's character and given it a marked individuality, but this has not been gained without great losses. The most serious is that the nation has not been able to profit by the trials, experiences and achievements of the rest of the world. This is especially true with scientific knowledge and mechanical inventions.

"But does civilization consist of railways, telegraphs, telephones, electric lights, battleships, rapid-firing guns, magazine rifles and a thousand and one things which are often regarded as necessary for a progressive nation? This would be a very narrow interpretation of the world. Civilization has, I believe, a broader meaning, with intelligence, order, morality and refinement for the essential elements. Such a civilization China undoubtedly has—a civilization different, to be sure, from that of the West, but a civilization, nevertheless. In other words, civilization is the elevation a nation has reached in its progress from a lower to a higher state of society. It is to be expected that the civilization attained by China should be different from that attained by the nations of the West, by reason of their difference in national development. Chinese ways are not necessarily bad because they often seem strange to Western eyes. It is merely a question whether one is accustomed to them or not.

"There has lately been a great deal of newspaper talk about civilizing China. I give credit to those people who advocate such a course of their good intention, but its desirability to say nothing of its difficulty should not be overlooked. China has already a civilization of her own. It is the growth of time. Long before the ancestors of the people of the West used to be naked savages and emerged from the forests of Central Europe, the Chinese had already known the use of the compass and the art of printing. Now for the people of the West to turn around and then ask the Chinese to put away their old civilization is rather novel. The people of the West may know more than the Chinese about the building of railroads, the floating of foreign loans, the combination of capital, the development of resources and the like. All this is granted; but the Chinese naturally feel that they were in a better position to judge what is best for their own interests and welfare than any outsider can be. Therefore, any attempt to impose upon them any reform or religious they do not feel the need of, is apt to create trouble. The use of force is especially to be deprecated, as this serves only to inflame their passions and rouse their resentment and opposition. But, on the other hand, much can be accomplished by exercising tact and discretion, and, above all, by giving due consideration to their sentiments and prejudices.

"If the people of the West would study the civilization of China instead of trying to pull it down, they would save themselves a great deal of trouble. They will find that China, old as she is, still exhibits all the strength and vigor of full maturity. They will find that the civilization that has stood the test of forty centuries is far from being effete. They will find that the proper course to be pursued in putting China on the road to prosperity and happiness, is not to shake the foundation of her social and political fabric, but to allow her to incorporate such elements of Western civilization as she can assimilate. By adopting from the West only what is best for her welfare and avoiding everything that is not suited to the conditions and needs of her people, she will transform herself into a modern nation without losing those elements of national character which have made her great and strong in the past."

SEVERE SNOW STORM

Raging Throughout the Northwest—Railroad Traffic Delayed.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, March 19.—A snow storm approaching a blizzard in severity swept over the Missouri valley to day, and to night it was still raging. Nebraska, Western Iowa, South Dakota, Wyoming and Kansas felt the effects of the storm which tied up street car traffic in many cities and delayed railroad traffic. In Northwest Michigan where the railroads had hardly recovered from last week's storm a heavy snow fell and continued all night. It was feared it would do more damage than the last storm, and arrangements were made to side track trains to prevent their being snowed in. Wisconsin reports snow and rain storms, with rivers and streams out of their beds. Near Racine serious floods are feared. At Prairie du Chien the lower part of the town is flooded, and eighteen inches of water is over the railroad tracks.

FIRE IN BALTIMORE.

Total Damage Estimated at Over $150,000. The Origin Unknown.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BALTIMORE, March 19.—Fire which was discovered shortly before 8 o'clock to-night in the leather and harness factory of the Straitzman Milliken Company, 215 and 217 West Pratt street, and which spread to the adjoining building, No, 219, occupied by Ferris, Noeth, Stern Company, bakers' supplies, and Steppacher & Stern, shirt manufacturers, caused a total damage estimated at between $150,000 and $175,000. The origin of the fire is unknown.

Boralma and The Abbott have been matched to race for a purse of $50,000, the race to take place at Readville, Mass., next September.

BEST OF ALL

To cleanse the system in a gentle and truly beneficial manner, when the Springtime comes, use the true and perfect remedy, Syrup of Figs. Buy the genuine. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, and for sale by all druggists, at 50 cents per bottle.

For Croup use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT. †

ELECTION FIGHT IN KENTUCKY.

Ten Men Were Wounded in the Battle. Three of Them Fatally.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LEXINGTON, KY., March 19.—The details of the election fight at Caney precinct, in Morgan county, on last Saturday, in which ten men were wounded, three of them fatally, reached here to-night via West Liberty, where some of the men appeared for examining trial to say. The trial was postponed on account of the danger of renewing the battle. The fight was between the factions of Logan Elam and Bud Allen. The Allens were backed by the Lykings brothers and the Elams by John Sebastian and Jim Simpson. There were nearly 150 shots fired. John Elam will die and Will Allen and John Sebastian are believed to be beyond recovery. Others wounded were D K Lykins, shot through shoulder and arm; Allison Lykins, skull crushed; Bud Allen, Will Allen, Logan Elam, Tom Tidmore and James Simmson.

WARM WIRELITS

Seven British gunners were killed by an explosion of a howitzer shell at Secunderabad, India.

Mrs. Emmons Blaine has given one million dollars to the University of Chicago School of Education.

President McKinley and party returned to Washington Tuesday afternoon from Indianapolis and Canton.

A dispatch from Rome says eight soldiers and custom officers have been killed by an avalanche near Lake Como.

Five fresh cases of bubonic plague, three European and two colored, were officially reported in Cape Town yesterday.

At the Republican senatorial caucus, Lincoln, Neb., David E Thompson, of Lincoln, was nominated for Senator for the short term on the seventh ballot.

More wholesale desertions from the ships at the Norfolk navy yard are reported The men who deserted from the Topeka have been apprehended and will be tried by summary court-martial.

Owing to a heavy sea running over the bar the flagship Kearsarge and the Alabama and Massachusetts did not leave Pensacola yesterday, as had been planned.

Fire last night at Madisonville, Ky., destroyed two tobacco factories owned by Holloman & Son and a number of residences. The total loss is $15,000 with small insurance.

General Wilson, chief of engineers, has returned from an inspection tour of forts along the Atlantic and Gulf. He found the forts at Pensacola and Mobile in very excellent condition.

George Roberts shot and killed Dock Parham near Elberton, Ga., in a fight in which both men used guns. The two men were prosperous white farmers and well thought of in the community.

A freight train on the Columbus and Rome branch of the Central rail road was wrecked on a trestle near Chipley, Ga. Engineer W. A. Wright and Fireman Joseph Kay were killed Three brakemen were injured.

Major J. Emacklin, commanding the battalion of the Eleventh infantry stationed at Fort McPherson, was yesterday ordered to send Companies K and L of his command to San Francisco, for transportation to Manila.

The North Atlantic squadron did not sail from Pensacola yesterday for Cuibra, as scheduled, but moved down to the navy yard and dropped anchor. The delay was caused by a high sea at the bar and the warning of an approaching storm in the Gulf. The fleet will not sail before Thursday, and not then unless the weather settles.

An Ingersoll Story.

"I will tell you a story about the late Colonel Ingersoll which I never saw in print," said a lawyer who knew the great agnostic well.

"When he was an attorney in Peoria, Ills., a young wife called to see him about filing a suit for divorce. Ingersoll questioned her closely and after she had detailed a number of grievances he told her that none was sufficient. She was much perturbed in consequence and finally appealed to him to know on what grounds she could procure her bill. The colonel took a lawbook from his collection and pretended to examine it. After this he turned to her and said: 'Madam, I find nothing in this book to fit the situation. But if you can establish the fact that he is addicted to the unmasculine habit of eating ice cream soda I know a judge who will give you a decree.'

"That, in Ingersoll's opinion, in a man, was inexcusable."—New York Sun.

Keeping His Fingers Supple.

How any great pianoforte player keeps his hands supple has often been a matter for wonder, but M. Paderewski, the king of pianists, revealed the whole secret. "The night before I play I turn my hands over to my valet, and he rubs my fingers until they tingle," declared M. Paderewski. "Then he takes one finger after the other and turns and twists it in the palm of his hand, always turning the one way. That makes the fingers supple and keeps the knuckles in good working order. Last he rubs the palm of each hand very hard —as hard as I can stand it. Just before I go on the platform to play I have a basin of hot water brought to my dressing room. In this I immerse my hands. Hot! I should say so; just about as hot as it is possible for a man to stand it." So this is the way it is done.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance

The Very finest Fish, Oysters, Game and Country Produce for sale daily Jno. S. Harries Front Street Market. Bell 'Phone 438. mar 1 tf

Special Prices—For this week we will cut prices on Ginger, Assorted Soda and Lemon Cakes, Mixed Stick and Fancy Candies Taylor made, Gypsie, Bachelor's Comfort, Hard Cash, Ripe Apple, Hammer and Long Leaf Tea Cakes. Call and see our prices before purchasing. T. D. Love, 114 North Water street feb 19 tf

I Have Opened a full line of Groceries and fancy Wines and Liquors at No 5 south Second street, and wish the patronage of those in need of anything in my line. Dan Benton & Co. feb 2 tf

Buggies, Farm and Delivery Wagons, Carts, Drays Harness of all grades, Whips, Lap Robes, Blankets and Storm Covers at very low prices. Repairing of all kinds done Blacksmith and Harness shops Third street, opposite Court House. P. H Hayden. dec 30 tf

Piano and Organ Tuning and Repairing by people who know their business. The price may be a trifle more, but we guarantee satisfaction. Thirty-five years' experience in the business. Ludden & Bates', S. H. H., 109 Market street; Bell 'Phone 259. oct 27 tf

Land for sale—We have desirable tracts of land for sale in counties of Robeson, Bladen, Pender, Columbus, N. C., and Horry and Marion, S. C. The Worth Co. oct 25 tf

Choice Timothy Hay, Clover Hay, Straw, fresh ground Meal, Pearl Hominy Flour, Grain and everything in the Feed line for horses, cows and chickens. John S. McEachern Sons, 211 Market street. Telephones No. 92. jy 8 tf

Apples, Peaches and Honey—I am receiving daily Apples, Peaches Butter, Chickens, Eggs, Bananas, Lemons Oranges, etc. Also, a nice lot of Block Honey now on hand Persons wishing to buy or ship anything of the kind will do well to see or write me. A. S. Winstead, Commission Merchant. 113 and 115 North Second street, Wilmington, N. C. jy 1 tf

Old Newspapers for sale by the hundred at the STAR Office. Excellent for underlaying carpets, or for wrapping paper. oct 2 tf

A Magnificent Stock of Goods

in Every Department.

Our Store is just chocked full of new goods, in every department, but owing to our limited space it is just impossible for us to give you the least conception of the many pretty things we have on hand. You are cordially invited to visit our Store and look for yourself. We are showing the very latest novelties in

Worsteds, Dress Goods, Grenadines, Silks AND WASH FABRICS

Now is the time to make your purchases while the goods are new and fresh. Be sure to examine our elegant stock of Table Linens, Napkins and Towels. There are some beautiful sets of Table Damask with Napkins to match, in the most popular lengths, at prices equally as cheap as the goods by the yard.

Sole Agent for Butterick's Patterns.

A. D. Brown.

mar 17 tf

HOW 'BOUT YOUR EASTER SUIT?

If you would have it on time you had best leave your measure at once.

Our line this season comprises all the latest novelties in English, Scotch and French Goods. Our Oxford Vicunas and unfinished Worsteds are extremely handsome, while our Serges and Cassimeres are swell. We give fit and finish you cannot get elsewhere. Drop in and look them over.

Suits Made North $16.00 Up.

Just received a line of NECKWEAR—see it before buying. Fine line of Furnishing Goods.

M. H. CURRAN, 107 Princess St.

mar 17 tf

A Note to the Ladies.

About the eighteenth of this month is the time set for Spring and Summer Opening in general.

Every Millinery Department, retail and wholesale, will then have their display and the most up-to-date and prettiest styles will be decided upon by Mrs. Taylor and Miss Taylor. The latter has been North for the last five weeks, and consequently has had every opportunity to judge the most correct styles.

As a result of all this the choicest selections, as usual, will be found at

Taylor's Bazaar,

118 Market Street.

An announcement of the Opening will be made upon Mrs. Taylor's return.

mar 17 tf

Men's Button Shoes

Made by "Drew"

$3.00---$3.50.

New Spring Styles now ready. Tan or Black.

S. & B. Solomon's

SHOE DEPARTMENT.

mar 17 tf

Our Royal Blue Line

Of Gents' Vici Dewey Toe Bals

Are the best in the world for $3.50. Stop and see our window for more of our up-to-date Footwear at

GEO. R. FRENCH & SONS.

mar 17 tf

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of Wilmington, N. C.

Designated depository for funds of { City of Wilmington, State of North Carolina, United States Government.

Condition at close of business February 5, 1901.

ASSETS.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans	$546 945 63	Capital Stock	$125,000 00
U S Bonds	215 000 00	Surplus, &c.	132,501 91
Bank Building	1 000 00	Circulation	95 100 00
Redemption Fund	4 700 00	Deposits	1,083,271 31
In Vaults 60 / 31 61			
In banks 218,185 91—187,117 79			
Total	$1,356 963 22	Total	$1,356,963 22

J. W. NORWOOD, President.

ANDREW MORELAND, Cashier.

mar 19

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jan 8 tf

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The management is prudent and economical as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars. J. D. CROOM President.